# THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1872. [VOLUME IV---NUMBER 88


## Evening Edition.

Price Five Cents

**National Democratic Ticket.**

FOR PRESIDENT:

HORACE GREELEY,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

B. GRATZ BROWN,

OF MISSOURI.

[ELECTION NOVEMBER 5]

**State Democratic Ticket.**

FOR GOVERNOR:

JAMES M. SMITH,

OF MUSCOGEE.

[ELECTION OCTOBER 2]

FOR CONGRESS:

LUTHER J. GLENN,

OF FULTON COUNTY.

[ELECTION NOVEMBER 5]

**Fulton Democratic Ticket.**

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:

CLARK HOWELL,
W. L. CALHOUN,
E. F. HOGE.

[ELECTION OCTOBER 2]

FOR ORDINARY:

DANIEL PITTMAN.

FOR SHERIFF:

A. M. PERKERSON.

FOR CLERK SUPERIOR COURT:

W. R. VENABLE.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER:

C. M. PAYNE.

FOR TAX RECEIVER:

A. G. GRIER.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR:

S. R. HOYLE.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR:

B. F. WALKER.

FOR CORONER:

WILLIAM KILE.

[ELECTION JANUARY 1]

THURSDAY, AFTERNOON SEPT. 26.

☞ *See Georgia News on Fourth Page.*

### LETTER FROM PHILADELPHIA.

**A Lightning Train—Over Mountains and through Valleys—Scenes Within and Without—Lone Eccentricities—Reminiscences of "The Club"—Philadelphia Library Association—A Magnificent Building—Books, Beauty, Fountains and Golden Fish—The Y. M. L. A. of Atlanta—Politics—Pennsylvania to Go Democratic by 10,000—Greeley's Trip West, etc.**

[Editorial Correspondence of The Constitution.]

PHILADELPHIA, September 19, 1872.

A tap of the bell, and the cars move out of that splendid structure, reflecting so much honor upon the railroads having their terminal in Atlanta—the Passenger Depot. Soon the speed at which we are rushing over the Western and Atlantic Railroad reminds us that we are on board "the lightning train," and that we shall reach New York in *less than two days*—only some *forty-six* hours intervening between the departure from Atlanta and the arrival in New York. This flying passage of a thousand miles is a feat, of which the popular General Agent of the Western and Atlantic Railroad, Mr. B. W. Wrenn, may justly feel proud. On we speed—across the fertile fields and pellucid streams of East Tennessee, *over* mountains and through valleys that give to Virginia a scenery rarely to be found in any land, however richly favored.

PLEASANT COMPANY.

I had the good fortune to join with "Jolly fellows," as Joe Jefferson has it in Rip Van Winkle. These were railroaders on their way to New York to the annual convention of General Ticket Agents. But their many company occasioned me no less pleasure as I met one of our well-known favorite belles, Mrs. Baldwin, who was in a passing Virginia train. Not to confess the truth, there were two or three of us who didn't even observe the train, being preoccupied in watching the eccentricities (?) of a bridal couple. Every smile "aloud" attracted their quick, serious gaze, as if they must surely be the object or occasion of it. However, soon forgetting the surroundings, their heads would gradually incline until they rested on each other's shoulder, apparently an impossible feat, but it is a fact. Directly a little explosive merriment would startle our lovers like an electric shock and bring them instantly to "heads up" and the most approved "front face." As I watched their alternate agonies and blisses, I could but think of a certain line of a certain song several times heard in "The Club" of Atlanta, making this touching inquiry:

"Will it be thus when I am—"

married? And the thought makes me feel bad. It does not seem, though, to strike our friend George W. in that way. I am afraid I shall have to submit to fate. I never start from home, that brides do not confront me at every turn, and somehow or other it always suggests a comic sentiment to me, namely, "and still I am not happy." By the way, while on the subject of matrimony, it may be noted that in our company is a young man from Atlanta en route North to rejoin in a few weeks with a bride. I will leave you in the words of the little ballad, to "guess who."

### ATHENIAN LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

In Philadelphia exists one of the most flourishing library associations in the United States. Its rules and regulations are very like to ours in Atlanta, but differs from them in allowing membership to ladies—a rule, which, I was informed, worked admirably. I would like to give a description of the magnificent building, its arrangements and equipments, and its interior workings, it quite big the services of twenty or thirty employees. At all times of the day you will find not less than one of its members, ladies and gentlemen, seated around or roaming among the shelves, looking at the scene. As I stood between two beautiful fountains, in whose waters played numbers of golden and silver fish, I recurred in memory to the many conversations the members of our Atlanta Association have had on the subject of

A BUILDING OF OUR OWN.

The fact is that if we can find no citizen in all Atlanta with a heart and a philanthropic big enough to donate us a sufficient sum to warrant the commencement of a structure at once, we ought to set about devising means for that purpose. A building we must have, and the present board of directors would make their administration memorable if they would give this matter a vigorous beginning.

### POLITICS.

Pennsylvania, it is generally thought here, will go Democratic in the October election by 10,000 majority. If this prove true Greeley will carry the State by 30,000.

Greeley's trip through this State on his way to Louisville is a perfect ovation. His speeches are full of the noblest sentiment. Pack them by all means. Better campaign documents cannot be put before the people. I will write more fully of politics from New York.

C.

### RACIEST EPISODE OF THE CAMPAIGN

**Warmoth and Pinchback, of Louisiana, in the Race of the Period.**

**How Radicals Sport With the Bauble of State Sovereignty.**

**A Railroad Race for a Crown.**

[From the New Orleans Picayune.]

We have now to record one of the most extraordinary races which has come off in this country since the great contest of speed between Lexington and Lecompte, or of steam between the Natchez and Lee. Last Sunday week, Governor Warmoth being called to New York on urgent business connected with the railroad interest of the State, concluded to slip away as quiet as possible, leaving his secretary in charge of his office and papers and taking the precaution to lock up in an iron safe certain unsigned bills, to which it might be the interest of a certain party to give the force and effect of law before the approaching election.

This departed the Governor on his Northern flight. He had been preceded several days by Lieutenant Governor Pinchback, whose valuable services and effective oratory had been called into requisition by the National Committee of the Radical party in the State contest in Maine. The absence of these two high officials, and the vigilantly observed and well understood modes and reserve of Speaker Brewster in the remote parish of Ouachita, gave a pretty strong assurance that the Governor's functions would not be assayed in his absence.

But so important a fact and opening could not escape the notice of the vigilant Custom house. The adroit, daring and energetic Packard was not the man to let so tempting an opportunity slip by to effect one of those revolutions peculiar to our politics and which have been so often attempted against the present Governor. The occupation of the Executive office, the possession of the great seal of the State and the handling of the numerous unsigned acts of the Legislature, would be worth a kingdom to the aspiring faction.

This brilliant idea was no sooner conceived than measures were set on foot to carry it into effect. The telegraph was put to work to convoke the chiefs. There were frequent midnight consultations in the Old Granite Rookery. The plans were all laid with consummate strategy. Pinchback was suddenly interrupted in a magnificent speech —somewhere on the Androscoggin—with a message to hurry home—he was wanted—everything depended on his speed—and Pinch sailed into the whole affair as cheerily and as quickly as the misgiving King of England, when he heard from his castle the words of the minstrel, "the Lion is loose," knew that Richard, the Lion-hearted, had escaped from his prison and was on his way to claim his own.

So Pinch packed his carpet-bag, abandoned his canvass, delivered over the notes of his intended speeches to some second-hand Yankee orator, and hurried to New York, where he found imperative orders awaiting him to attend the Nail and Committee of the Grant party in session in that city. Here he met Chandler and the other managers of the Grant campaign, who informed him that his immediate return to New Orleans, and the assumption of the vacant seat of Governor Warmoth, was the greatest service he could render the Grant cause. It would make certain the eight electoral votes of the State and secure the State Government for "our party." Pinch acquiesced in the scheme, and determined to obey orders. Proceeding to the Fifth Avenue Hotel, to look after his baggage, what was his surprise to find himself confronted in the hall of that establishment by the tall figure of his chief and superior, Gov. Warmoth.

This occurred last Saturday afternoon. There was a cordial greeting of the two dignitaries, and after some friendly interchanges they parted, under an engagement to meet at 9 o'clock that night.

The Governor was prompt at the time and place of the arranged interview. But Pinch was absent. The Governor waited some time for him. Still no Pinch made his appearance.

The Governor began to smell a rat. A diligent inquiry failed to discover the whereabouts of the Lieutenant Governor, and when his Excellency retired to his couch that night his mind and slumbers were disturbed by apprehensions of some conspiracy of trickery.

Rising early the next morning, the Governor renewed his inquiries respecting the missing Pinch.

In the hall he found Pinch's colored companion, who was in charge of his baggage. "Where is Pinchback?" he inquired of the sable youth. "Don't know, Governor, have not seen him since yesterday, but here is his baggage—I am waiting for him."

This information and the presence of the baggage would have deceived a less suspicious and vigilant personage than one who had had so large an experience of the cunning and address of his subaltern. The Governor was not satisfied, and pursued his inquiries further.

Fortunately, whom should be meet on Broadway but Senator Hayes, an intimate and confidential friend of Pinch. "Have you seen Lieut. Governor Pinchback to-day?" asked the Governor of Hayes. "No, haven't seen him since yesterday, a 5 P. M., when he made an engagement to meet me at 9 o'clock. And on going to the committee room this morning I learned that he left yesterday for Pittsburg."

Then it was all laid bare. The Governor saw in a flash what it all meant. Pinch had tricked him, and got the start of at least twenty-four hours. He must overtake and overhaul him or the Granite Rookery would be lost in power in Louisiana. Repairing to the telegraph office, he opened communication with his friends all along the route and in the city. His plans were all made for rapid transportation and Pinch was placed under such surveillance all along the route that he could come no more Governing in Louisiana, than could the ghost of Hamlet's father after the grand sweepstakes.

That evening the Governor left via the Pennsylvania Central Lightning train and reached Pittsburg at midnight, that train was twelve hours ahead of him. Next he heard of him in Columbus, Ohio, and finally at Louisville, Ky. From this city the Governor telegraphed for a special train to meet him at Cairo.

Pinch was still there he found the best locomotive of the Mississippi Central and a special car awaiting him. The Governor called up the engineer and told him in what time he could put him at Canton. The engineer could, at a push, make forty-five miles an hour.

"Then do it!" said the Governor.

"I will," said the engineer, "but you must sign this bond to stand all the damages which may result from any accident." The Governor and his companion, Mr. Edmund Lawrence, promptly signed the bond, and pretty quickly the locomotive and train were put in motion. Telegrams had been sent ahead to clear the track. And now commenced the fastest steam speed ever made in the Southern country. Leaving Hemboldt at 2, A. M., Tuesday, the Governor reached this city at 8:15, P. M., making the distance, 443 miles, in fourteen hours!

On the approach to Canton, the Governor telegraphed a gentle inquiry for his friend Pinch. The reply was: "He is here, awaiting the first train for the city," whereupon the Governor shouted loudly, "Who have got him!" and Colonel Lawrence telegraphed to their anxious friends in the city that they had bagged Pinch and would bring him along.

But how was this—how came Pinch to be in Canton, when his anxious friends were awaiting him at Amite, with certified copies of the registration and election bills, and several proclamations and commissions to which he could affix the official signature and seal of the Acting Governor of Louisiana? This unhappy mishap occurred thus: Pinch had not dilly-dallied—he had lost no time on his journey. He had never left the cars except to telegraph to the Customhouse, and to his waiting friends at Amite, that he was coming, and the Governor was taking care of his baggage at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

In this state of unsuspecting confidence and of sanguine assurance of his successful execution of the plot of the Customhouse and the National Committee, Pinchback reposed in happy security and indulged those pleasing reflections which are natural and proper to all achievers of great triumphs in war, love or politics.

From this pleasing reverie and a partial slumber, he was aroused by a tap on the shoulder from the conductor, who informed him that the train had reached Canton, and there was a gentleman who had inquired very earnestly for Pinchback, "Was he that personage?"

"I am that man," responded Pinch.

"Then I am directed to inform you that there is a telegram awaiting you in the telegraph office, which the operators directed to deliver only to you in person."

Accordingly, Pinch hustled out of the car, proceeded to the telegraph office, and inquired if there was a dispatch for him.

"There is, sir, and only to be delivered to you in person, if you are Governor Pinchback, but you must be identified." Pinch lost a little time in hunting up an identifier, and then the operator had mislaid the envelope, and could not immediately put his hand on it. Finally, however, it was found and delivered, and Pinch hastily broke the envelope, and with blank astonishment found it contained a blank piece of paper. Then it was that consciousness flashed upon the sagacious Pinch that he was sold. He dashed to the door to hurry into the train, which was evidently moving, the bell ringing and the locomotive puffing. But the confounded door was locked by some inadvertence, and Pinch had no exit except through the window, which was also fastened down. "Hallo! open this door," shouted the imprisoned Lieutenant Governor of Louisiana. Some minutes passed before these shouts attracted the attention of outsiders, and the door being at last opened Pinch rushed madly to the platform just in time to see the train moving out, about 150 yards distant, on its down trip towards New Orleans.

It was in vain that Pinch waved his handkerchief and shouted at the top of his voice, "Stop the train, stop the train."

"*Il est trop tard*," as Ledru Rollin exclaimed when it was proposed in the Chamber of Deputies of France to declare the Comte de Paris the successor to Louis Phillippe on the throne of that kingdom.

"Sold, by the eternal!" exclaimed the Lieutenant Governor of Louisiana, as he proceeded to procure quarters for the night. We will not invade the sacredness of the bed chamber by attempting to depict the demeanor and record the reflections of the somewhat disappointed and disgusted aspirant for the throne of Louisiana. Suffice it to say that his slumbers were not more refreshing and pleasant than those of the hunchbacked usurper of the sceptre of England on the memorable night before the battle of Bosworth.

With the dawn blithely arose the unrefreshed royal aspirant, and bent him to the platform—whence he cast longing and envious looks northwardly—and, in this intent and somewhat unsatisfying occupation several hours were passed. At last, however, his patience was relieved and reward. There was a distinct sound of an approaching train, and what a rusher it must be! Who ever heard a train rattle at that rate over that road? And now it is in sight, and there is a flag hung out of the locomotive, and a great stir and sensation along the road and about the depot. The train rushes up to the depot, and slackening speed, the tall figure of Governor Warmoth is seen on the platform, and his strong voice is heard shouting—

"Hurra! Hellow! Pinch, is that you? Thought you were with your baggage at the Fifth Avenue. Get aboard and we will take you to the city."

And now the whole counterplot was very distinctly unfolded to the appreciating perception of the beaten but gallant competitor in this great race for the sceptre of Louisiana.

"I acknowledge the corn, Governor," owned up the candid Pinch. "You have won another race, and I'll be d—d if it isn't the biggest one you ever did or ever will win!"

And so Pinch took his seat in the Governor's fast train, and off they started for the seat of the power for which they had made this tremendous race. In five hours and forty-five minutes from Canton they were in New Orleans. Passing Amite, a knot of audacious politicians of the Grant persuasion were noticed standing on the platform and peering anxiously into the car, in which the Governor and Lieutenant Governor were engaged in friendly discussion of their conservative merits as racers and political strategists. "Hallos!" exclaimed one of the knot of Grantites; "is that you, Pinch; we have been waiting for you. Is it all right?" "Captured! Captured!" vociferated Pinch, as the train moved off, pointing to Governor Warmoth who proud and facetiously and gracefully waved his handkerchief toward the foiled and disgusted conspirators and possessors of the resigned election registration bills and various other Executive documents, which only needed the signature of the Lieutenant Governor to the absence of his Excellency the Governor, to become the law, and to establish in power and authority the government of the Customhouse and of the Grant Administration over the State of Louisiana. This desperate scheme was thus defeated by the energy, sagacity and daring of Governor Warmoth, and by the most extraordinary locomotive and steam ride ever performed on this continent.

### The Election Law.

The act of the General Assembly of this State, approved August 30, 1872, provides that "All elections hereafter to be held by this State under the Constitution and laws thereof, except for members of Congress, Presidential electors and county officers shall be held on the first Wednesday in October of the particular year in which the Constitution, elections are to be held at the places established by law under the election laws of this State."

The second section declares that "all elections for members of Congress shall be held on Tuesday, after the first Monday in November of the year 1872 and on the same day in every second year thereafter."

The third section provides that "all elections for county officers, shall be held on the first Wednesday in January in each year, beginning in 1873.

I will therefore be seen that the election for Governor and the General Assembly will be held on the first Wednesday in October (this year the 2d day) and the election for Presidential electors and Congressmen on Tuesday after the first Monday in November, and the election for county officers on the first Wednesday in January.

Now, the question is, where shall the elections be held, how conducted, and who are qualified voters.

Section 1312 Irwin's Revised Code provides that "electors shall be held at the several houses * * * and at the several precincts or places established by law, and under the election law of this State.

Article 2, Section 11, and Article 3, Section 2, of the State Constitution fixes the time when elections in this State shall be held, but reserves to the Legislature the power to change the time fix by the Constitution and designate some other day. The Act of August 20th, 1872, already quoted, changes the time of holding the elections designated by the organic law, as will be seen by said Act, and they will now be held as already stated as provided by said Act.

As the Constitution is silent as to the place of voting, it is competent for the Legislature to designate them, and having provided by the act of Aug. 20th, 1872, that the elections shall be held at the places provided by law, and the law having provided that the elections shall be held to-wit: At the Court House and several precincts, it is legal and proper that the precincts shall be opened and voters allowed to vote there.

2d. The elections should be conducted as prescribed by the Code; beginning at Section 1309 and ending Section 1393.

All persons are qualified voters, who have lived in the State six months, and thirty days in the county where he proposes to vote, except those who have failed to pay taxes for 1871, and persons who have sent or accepted a challenge to fight a duel, or have fought one; holders of public funds unaccounted for; all who have been convicted of treason, or embezzlement of public money, malfeasance in office, or of felony or larceny, which subjects the offender to imprisonment in the penitentiary.

Any person guilty of any of the foregoing crimes is prohibited from voting, as prescribed by the constitution.

☞ The following is a copy of a letter written by a Chicago lady to a male acquaintance:

"Dear ——, come and see us soon. We have just got a new lamp that will turn down, down, down, and makes the room delicously dark. Your affectionate ——"

## BY TELEGRAPH.

*ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.*

### HORACE GREELEY SPEAKS.

### Colfax Attempts to Clear His Own Skirts.

### Colored Liberal National Convention.

### $150,000 Worth of Silks Stolen.

### Burning of the Northern Lunatic Asylum.

### Democratic Nominations in Montgomery, Alabama.

### Financial and Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 26.—Mr. Greeley's orations continue at every point. Below are a few extracts from his speeches: Had he been a Southerner during the war, educated as Southerners were, he might have acted as they did, but being a Northerner he had been one of the first to advocate peace, when danger had passed away though not without scorning the liberities of the blacks. * * * * * * There are while men still distinguished, and for them he now pleaded. * * * * We had been generous and just to blacks; let us at least be just to whites. * * * * If the people only knew the whole truth about the carpet-bag governments, there would be no doubt of the result of this canvass. * * * The South had greatly sinned, but greatly suffered and had repented and should be forgiven. * * * * The robbers of South Carolina would be on a dead race out of that State two days after they heard a new government was elected against them. * * * When he went bail for Jeff Davis his action was not for the man—it was an overture to the whole Southern people. Millions of men felt that act of kindness to their section. For their sake he deemed it wise to do so, as he did. * * * Now say I shall be defeated, but I cannot be defeated. I may not succeed as a candidate, but the effort I am making to bring the people into more trusting relations with eachother cannot fail. I must succeed.

SOUTH BEND, IND., September 26.—Colfax, in introducing General Harlem at a Republican meeting here, took occasion to disavow any connection with the Credit Mobilier. He said he never had a dollar of stock in his life that he did not pay for. Colfax adds, "I claim the right to purchase stock in the Credit Mobilier or the Credit Immobilier, if there is one in the Union Pacific, Central Pacific, or Lake Shore, South Bend and Plymouth Railroads, or in oil well or gold mines promising immense dividends that sometimes fail."

LOUISVILLE, KY., September 26.—The Colored Liberal National Convention assembled to-day. Twenty-two States were represented. The following letter from Horace Greeley was read and loudly applauded:

NEW YORK, September 9, 1872.

*Gentlemen:* I trust that the day is at hand when we shall know nothing of any man's color but esteem him as he shall conduct himself as a man and a citizen. For the present I acquiesce in the expediency of holding a convention of colored men, but I hope they may not be needed this year.

Trusting that your deliberations may strongly conduce to this end, I am yours,

HORACE GREELEY.

NEW YORK, September 26.—One hundred and fifty thousand dollars worth of silks have been stolen from the Public Warehouse. It is supposed that some officials assisted the thieves.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, September 26.—The Northern Ohio Lunatic Asylum has been burned. The lunatics are said to have been saved. Three attendants were burned, and it is feared others will be found in the debris. Loss $350,000.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., September 26.—The Democrats and Liberals of this district have nominated Oats, Democrat, for Congress, Faber, Republican, for Elector, and Miller, Republican, for the Board of Education.

### Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, September 26.—Cotton quiet; uplands 18¾, Orleans 19¼; sales 466 bales.

Flour dull and heavy. Wheat quiet and nominally unchanged. Corn quiet and steady. Pork steady. Lard dull; steam 8 3-8@8¾. Turpentine steady at 63. Rosin steady $1 40 for strained. Freights firm.

Stocks heavy. Gold steady at 13⅞. Money firm at 7. Exchange—long 7¾; short 9. Governments dull and steady. State bonds quiet.

LONDON, September 26, noon.—Consols 92 3-8. 5s 80s 9⅝.

The Bank of England has advanced the rate of discount 4 per cent.

LIVERPOOL, September 26, noon.—Cotton quiet and steady; uplands 9¾; Orleans 9¾.

LATER—Cotton firmer; uplands 9¾; Orleans 9¾; sales 15,000 bales; speculation and export 4,000.

Breadstuffs quiet and firm. Lard 49s 9d. Tallow 41s 35d.

### Atlanta Wholesale Price Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, Sept. 26, 1 o'clock, P. M.

There is considerable activity in commercial circles, despite the dearth of money. Transactions are cripled by the want of adequate monetary facilities. We note no change in quotations.

Cotton is active at 16c. Receipts about 150 bales.

EXCHANGE.—Buying at par; selling ¼ premium.

FINANCIAL.—Money market stringent; we quote money at 1½ per month. Gold buying at 113; selling at 114. Silver buying at 105; selling at 110.

BONDS AND STOCKS.—Georgia 6s 72a74; 7s 82a84; new Georgia bonds at the State Treasury $1. Atlanta city bonds, 7s, 73a75; 8s 83a85. Augusta 83a85. Georgia Railroad stock 94a96; Georgia Railroad bonds, 95a98. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock 90a93; Atlanta and West Point Railroad bonds 94a96. Macon and Western Railroad stock 96a98. Atlanta National Bank stock 120.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.—Buying prices from wagons. Eggs 20; chickens 25; country butter 27a30.

FLOUR.—Fancy $9 50; extra family $8 00a8 75; family $8 00a8 25, superfine $5 50a6 50.

GRAIN.—We quote white corn 82a85; yellow and mixed 75a78. Wheat best quality $1 45a1 55; common Georgia red $1 40. Oats 55a60. Rye 1 35a$1 50. Barley $1 10a$1 15.

HAY.—Western timothy $37a38; Georgia new crop $30a35.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Quiness, 75a$1 per bushel; Sweet Potatoes $1 00 per bushel. Table Peas $1 50.

GROCERIES.—We quote. Sugars—Crushed, Granulated and Powdered 14a14½. Coffee A 18; fair Extra C 12¾; Yellow C 12¼; Brown 11¼a12. Tallow 7. Liverpool salt $2 15; Virginia salt $2. The various brands of soap from Excelsior Steam Soap Works of Atlanta, from 6a7½c per box. Georgia Soap Factory—3a3c per pound. Candles—full weights 21a21½. Ginger 15. Pepper 25. Corn meal 85a87. Starch 6a10. Rice 9¼a 10 for tierces. Java Coffee 27a30. Rio 20a24. New Orleans syrup 70a75; Molasses—hhds. 37; bbls. 39. Cheese, factory, 14a16.

FACTORY GOODS.—Brown Domestics—Graniteville, 7-8, 11½; Trion, 7-8, 11½; Augusta 7-8, 11½; Graniteville, 4-4, 13; Trion, 4-4, 12; Augusta, 4-4, 13; Graniteville, 3-4 9½; Augusta, 3-4, 9½; Rigid osnaburgs 14; heavy osnaburgs 17c; Yarns $1 60.

BAGGING AND TIES.—Gussy 16½; magnolia and other Western brands 17a18; double sacbor and Ludlow 18. Ties 9a10.

BACON.—We quote shoulders 9½; clear sides 13; clear rib sides 12½; country hams 12½a13; S. C. hams 16½a18; plain canvass hams 14½.

BULK MEATS.—Shoulders 8½; C. R. sides 11½; clear sides 11½; long clear sides 10½.

LARD.—We quote buckets, 13½; cans, 12½; tierces, 11½.


### Educational.

**Wesleyan Female College,**

MACON, GEORGIA.

THE THIRTY-FIFTH ANNUAL SESSION WILL begin October 7th, 1872.

For Catalogues containing full information, address REV. R. H. MYERS, D. D., or C. W. SMITH, Secretary Faculty.

aug8-d1oct7

**OGLETHORPE UNIVERSITY,**

Atlanta, Georgia.

THE exercises of the institution will be resumed on the

**1st Monday in October**

and will close on the

**1st Wednesday in July, 1873.**

Tuition $75 per annum—half in advance. Board from $16 to $25 per month. Tuition free to candidates for the Ministry in all denominations.

The Faculty is full and complete. For further particulars address REV. DAVID WILLS, D. D., President. JOHN S. WILSON, President Board of Trustees.

aug20-d&wtf

**Medical College**

—OF THE—

**State of South Carolina,**

CHARLESTON, S. C.

THE FORTY-FOURTH COURSE OF LECTURES in this institution will commence on the 15th October, 1872, and will terminate on the 15th March, 1873, thus lengthening the term of study one month.

MEDICAL FACULTY.

E. GEDDINGS, M. D., Emeritus Professor of the Institute and Practice of Medicine.
R. A. KINLOCH, M. D., Principels and Practice of Surgery and Clinical Surgery.
J. P. CHAZAL, M. D., General Pathology, Pathological Anatomy and Hygiene.
MIDDLETON MICHEL, M. D., Physiology.
GEO. E. TRESCOT, M. D., Materia Medica and Therapeutics.
C. U. SHEPARD, M. D., Chemistry.
J. F. M. GEDDINGS, M. D., Theory and Practice of Medicine.
F. L. PARKER, M. D., Anatomy.
F. M. ROBERTSON, M. D., Gynecology and Clinical Obstetrics.
P. PEYRE PORCHER, M. D., Clinical Medicine.
MANNING SIMONS, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy.

EXPENSES OF THE SCHOOL.

Matriculation Fee.....$10 00
Demonstrator's Fee.....10 00
Graduation Fee.....30 00

Two additions have been made to the Faculty, and it will be seen that a new feature of the present session is that the Lectures will be free of charge.

Board can be obtained in the city at reasonable rates.

Superior CLINICAL advantages offered without extra charge.

For further information apply to GEO. E. TRESCOT, M. D., Dean of the Faculty.

july23—d1am3m

**Agency Domestic and Indian Mission Board S. B. C.,**

JONESBORO, GA., July 11, 1872.

*Dr. H. Nesson, Atlanta, Ga.:*

DEAR SIR: I followed up your treatment as directed for nearly a month, when I desisted. In about ten days or two weeks afterward my hearing returned, and now I hear about as well, quite as well, so far as I can tell, as I did before I lost the use of my left ear, in June, 1871. I feel that I am under obligations to you for your treatment, for I am relieved of a great deal of unpleasantness and inconvenience.

Fraternally yours,
W. N. CHAUDOIN, Dis. Sec and C.,
Office on Marietta street, corner of Peachtree.

aug27—d1tues&thur-tf

R. W. JONES, Covington, Ga. | A. A. MORRIS, Jonesboro, Ga.

**LIVERY**

**Sale and Feed Stables,**

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sep17—d1tuwim

GEORGIA, Fulton County.

To the Superior Court of said county:

YOUR petitioner, Paul Jones, Sentor, showeth that in due course of trade and for a valuable consideration, on the 16th day of December, 1871, by purchase from Jesse C. Kyle, he acquired title to a promissory note (here to the Court shown) for the sum of Eight Thousand Dollars, made by Amy H Sells, W A S Rendons and P H Snook, payable to said Kyle, or bearer, dated February 15th, 1871, and due on or before the first day of January, 1872; and that at the same time he, by endorsement from the said Kyle, acquired title to a mortgage deed, (here also to the Court shown) executed by said Amy H. Sells to said Kyle and his assigns, to secure the payment of said note, and bearing even date therewith; which mortgage deed covers and conveys all that tract or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the city of Atlanta, and being part of A. J. Orme's subdivision of block number one hundred and forty-six, in original lot number fifty-one, in the fourteenth district of originally Henry (now Fulton) county, and fronting thirty feet north on East Harris street, one hundred and eighty-three feet and running back to Butler street two hundred and two feet, with all the rights, members and appurtenances to the said premises in anywise belonging.

Your petitioner avers that the condition of said mortgage deed is broken, that said note is wholly unpaid, and that the amount due thereon is eight thousand dollars, principal, besides lawful interest from maturity. Your petitioner thus said mortgage may be foreclosed, and that the usual rule to that end be granted and served according to law.

E. BLECKLEY,
June 7, 1872. Petitioner's Attorney.

On filing the foregoing petition, it is ordered by the court that the said mortgage, Amy H. Sells, pay into court on or before the first day of the next term, to-wit, the second Monday in October next, the principal, interest and costs, or so much thereof as the equity of redemption in and to the said mortgaged premises should not be forever barred and foreclosed; and that this rule be served as prescribed by law.

E. BLECKLEY,
June 7, 1872. Petitioner's Attorney.

A true copy from the minutes of Fulton Superior Court.

W. R. VENABLE, Clerk.
June 8-d1uwtw

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# The Daily Constitution

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE STATE.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE COUNTY.

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To Correspondents.—We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we cannot undertake either to return or preserve.

# Morning Edition.

ATLANTA:

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1872.


☞ United States Senator Hon. Thomas Norwood delivered a fine speech at Brunswick for Greeley. The news from that section is cheering.

### Mr. Crittenden.

Mr. Crittenden, the proprietor of the Kimball House, as has been stated before, has sold the fine furniture and retired from the management of this famous hotel.

Perhaps no stranger ever made more friends in shorter time than Mr. Crittenden during his two years stay here. His integrity, liberality and genial character have built him up an enviable reputation. His hotel management has been a new episode in the tavern experiences of the State. He brought the full luxury of metropolitan splendor to a provincial place.

Wherever he goes he will carry with him the kind wishes of his Georgia friends.

### The Chatham Nomination.

Chatham has made a good Democratic nomination for the Legislature. We do not know Mr. Mills and Capt. McArthur except by reputation. But Geo. A. Mercer, Esq., is personally, most intimately known to the writer, and is one of the most promising and solid young men in the State. The writer and Mercer studied law together and were admitted to the bar at the same time. He possesses a mind of high order and a spirit of peerless chivalry and rectitude.

He has talents and character for any position.

We trust to see him elected. He will grace the General Assembly and do honor to the intelligent constituency of Chatham.

### Col. T. J. Simmons.

We trust that our Democratic friends in the Macon Senatorial District will make unusual efforts to return their nominee, Col. T. J. Simmons, to the Senate.

He made a number one member of the General Assembly. He impressed himself on the legislation of the last Assembly to an extent not surpassed by any member of that body.

Apart from his merit, however, there is a special reason for his election. It is understood that the Clews crowd have sent money out to defeat him. As Chairman of the Bond Committee he is specially odious to the bond ring that so heavily swindled Georgia.

Let our people stand up to the man who exposed the robbers. It would be a great triumph for them to defeat Simmons. We appeal to our friends in Pike and Monroe to spare no effort to thwart the machinations of the bond ring and to return Colonel Simmons triumphantly to the Senate.

### What is at Stake in Georgia in this Contest.

Our people who have been having such a good time for the last year under the good rule of our honest Democratic Governor, James M. Smith, can only conceive of what an injury it will be to return to Radical rule by recalling what infinite damage that rule did for Georgia.

The pecuniary burdens of misrule are, perhaps, the easiest borne of all. They do not scarify the public peace to the same extent as crimes against personal liberty or public justice. But they come home with terrible directness to the body politic, and are onerously felt in the matter of material prosperity.

Our people cannot better estimate the pecuniary damage of the re-establishment of Radical rule through Walker's election than by remembering that six millions of dollars of illegal debt will be revived and put upon the State. The corrupt bondholders are flooding the State with money. The interest on the six millions of bonds will be $420,000 yearly. The income of 1871 from taxation in Georgia was $514,065. Thus at one stroke the burden of taxation would be doubled.

Democratic friends, reconcile your divisions, unite your forces, awaken from your apathy, and go to work to give us a Democratic Governor and Legislature.

We can't afford Radicalism. It is an iniquity too expensive for the State.

James M. Smith and a Democratic Legislature must be elected.

### More Grant Corruption.

The war left lots of quartermasters and ordnance stores on hand. The government sold them. Immense amounts of money were received. Mr. Beck, of Kentucky, undertook the task of rooting into the matter. He discovered that the quartermaster had sold $107,959,416 worth of stuff; ordnance bureau, $17,343,971; engineers bureau, $6,000,000. The whole amount received ran to $138,000,000.

Mr. Beck offered a resolution last February, which was adopted, for the department officers to show what was done with the money.

The Secretary of the Navy declined to give the information, though his sales were enormous, including one item of three hundred ships.

The Secretary of War said he could not give the information without more clerks. The Quartermaster General said all of $107,959,416 he had received from such sales had been used to pay the indebtedness of the War Department but $2,977,807, thus admitting the unlawful use of the money, as the War Department can only pay out the money appropriated by Congress.

When it is considered that all this money has been spent out side of the regular expenses of the departments; that it has been spent without authority of law, and that the officers of Grant's administration have not, though called upon by soleman resolution of Congress, been able or willing to account for the hundreds of millions of dollars, the proceeds of these sales, it will be hard to resist the conclusion that there is something grossly and criminally wrong.

No wonder Grant's administration don't want a new regime to overhaul the books. No wonder the Secretaries of his departments decline to reveal the facts.

The tremendous expenses of his corrupt rule, as reported, are large enough to appall. But when we add the millions of unreported expenditures like those we have referred to, the necessity of a change becomes overwhelmingly imperative.

☞ London papers coin the word "Kittelism" to express the manner of preaching which deals with the geography and antiquities of the Bible rather than the vital truths.

### The Straight Nomination in Fulton.

It has created a feeling of disappointment and regret that the Fulton county Straights have put out a ticket for the Legislature. An honest effort was made to compromise our differences. The County Executive Committee recommended Col. Wallace. This journal urged the compromise. Many of the Greeley leaders voted and worked for the nomination of Col. Wallace. Unfortunately the matter was sprung too late to give it success. Only one day was allowed to spread the intelligence and bring the masses to acquiescence in the plan. The great body of the voters were pledged. It was simply an impossibility to carry out the details in the short time allowed.

But the reconciliation was believed none the less complete. The spirit of union and harmony was inaugurated. Every effort was made to carry out the programme, and we trusted that the disposition shown on both sides would bring its fruits in a united party voice.

All was done that could be done at the late hour. It did not fail because of a lack of desire among the leaders for its success.

A very full vote was polled at the nomination. Nearly 3,000 men voted. The full strength of the party was out. It would, perhaps, be difficult to arrive at the party voice more definitely and fully.

The importance of giving our largest Democratic majorities cannot be over-estimated. Where the party is strong it should give its heaviest votes to wipe out the Radical majorities in the lower part of the State. This is the Democratic hope.

To fritter away our strength in counties like Fulton by division among ourselves is as foolish as it is fatal, as insane as it is criminal.

If the worthy gentlemen nominated accept, either Radical candidates creep in through our dissensions, or else, if elected, they do so by the Radical vote, which will be claimed a Radical triumph.

We know that a number of the Straights were opposed to the nomination. We now appeal to them and to the gentlemen nominated to forego this opposition to the regular nomination.

Mr. Stephens himself has spoken for union in our State matters. It has been cordially responded to by the supporters of Greeley. The gentlemen who have been regularly nominated are worthy citizens and good Democrats. They were nominated by an unusually large vote of the party. No complaint can be made to the ticket in any respect.

Let us join hands and elect it. Let Fulton Democracy be once more united. Let us forget our differences. Let us give a Democratic majority, that will nullify the Radical majority of some negro county. Let Fulton set an example of Democratic concert and harmony that will be an augury of Democratic triumph over the whole State.

### Our Bonds.

There is no crushing the truth. It will come out after a while. Prejudice and hostility may blind its reception, but, sooner or later, it will be recognized.

This is singularly and conspicuously being verified in the matter of the Bullock fraudulent bonds. Clews and his wing, thought they had muzzled the Northern press against recognition of the true status of those bonds. But facts are gradually leavening the impartial mind. The report of the bond committee is getting circulation and perusal. Occasionally a determined, truth-loving journalist refuses to be fooled and gives to the black tale a fair reading and makes a candid report. And wherever we find a fair man, he speaks more decidedly because he resents the attempt to delude him.

The New York Tribune has been handling Clews with gloves off.

The New York Financier, an able commercial paper, has been giving the matter an investigation, and is evidently astounded. It has two long articles. It, in the first, discusses the testimony gleaned by the Bond Committee. It arrives at the conclusion that Georgia has been badly swindled, and it brands Bullock and his allies as criminals, and shows the true status of Clews.

After the publication of this article it seems that Clews made an assault on the Financier for the alleged falsity of its statements.

The Financier replies to Mr. Clews in a response of great ability, in which it takes direct issue with him. It thus puts the matter about Clews, quoting the testimony to substantiate its position.

As to Mr. Clew's knowledge of the frauds, there are only three conclusions possible: That the witnesses who say they warned him testify falsely; or that he himself testifies falsely in saying that he never once doubted the correctness and legality of everything; or that the constitution of his mind is such that, after he was repeatedly warned that illegal issues were made, he could still retain perfect confidence, undimmed by any doubt, that everything was correct and legal.

Mr. Clews is either a partner in at least the knowledge of fraud, or else, by his own testimony, is guilty of carelessness, which, under the circumstances, is censurable in another sense. We see no other alternative possible than those we have made, even on the supposition that the report is that of a partisan committee who are seeking a pretext for disowning valid obligations.

It will be seen that the financier cleverly and unanswerably scalps the virtuous Clews.

But the especial point to which we call attention is the conclusion to which this intelligent fair-minded writer comes, which at last must be the conclusion of all right-thinking, conscientious men and communities, viz: that Georgia has a right to ignore these fraudulent bonds, and that it is not "repudiation" to do so.

What Georgia will finally decide to do about the matter, is yet to be seen. The bonds which the committee recommend disowning, amount to $6,577,000, of which $2,102,000 are the direct obligations of the State. If all these bore 7 per cent. the interest would be $460,390, a part of which may be hereafter lifted from the State by the railroads. The frauds are ended, in all probability, and the infamous burden cannot be made larger except by its growth and unpaid. It is certain that the world will not enter into the consideration of details; that the bond-holders will consider themselves defrauded if the bonds are not paid; that nothing is so utterly and permanently damaging to a Commonwealth as an impairment of its credit, such a calamity being irreparable; and that, rightly or wrongly, to carry out the recommendations of the committee will be regarded by the great majority as repudiation. The wisdom of this course is, therefore, far from clear. There is no dishonor in inability to pay; there is all dishonor in refusal to pay; there is enduring harm in even the unjust imputation of refusal to pay. Hence it is a serious question whether it will not prove in the end wiser and cheaper, under the circumstances, for the State to assume the burden of all the bonds, fraudulent as well as other, than to risk the probable odium consequent upon attempting to discriminate—or, at least, to accept liability upon all bonds which are in the hands of bona fide investors, bought in good faith as investments, even if carelessly. Our own opinion, ever in the most earnest friendship for the State and for all the South, and in full belief in a prosperous future awaiting them, inclines to the affirmative of this question. But our conviction is, that if Georgia determines, nevertheless, to sift the matter thoroughly and assume no more liability than legally and justly belongs to her, she is entitled to object to the use of the word "repudiation," and has a right to choose that course; as to her account with Mr. Clews' firm, as Mr. Clews is pretty well known to the State by his financial dealings and his published "letters" and "replies," Georgia may properly be left to settle up without counsel from the outsiders.

☞ A disconsolate Hoosier explains that he has just lost his wife by "death." In Indiana they always state specifically whether a wife is lost by death or divorce.

### Vorhees on Greeley.

At Indianapolis Hon. D. W. Vorhees introduced Mr. Greeley to the great crowd assembled to greet him.

We give the remarks of Mr. Vorhees as indicating the great change his mind has undergone in regard to Mr. Greeley, and as significant of what a revulsion of sentiment is worked in Greeley's favor in every one that will look at the facts of the case before the country:

My fellow-citizens, the honor of introducing the distinguished guest to-night has been assigned to me. It is well known, my friends, that when this great movement began my relations to it were not what they are now. I complied, however, with the behests of my party when the exponent of our principles, who is here to-night, was placed in nomination. Since that time my judgment, my heart and my mind has become thoroughly impregnated with the belief that we are engaged in the great movement for the redemption and benefit of our country. The gentleman who is your candidate has commended himself in a large degree to our support and our confidence by his public utterances both in letter and speech. The speeches which he has been delivering in his present tour will be among the few specimens of political literature preserved for the admiration of future ages.

I do not hesitate to say in your presence and before the whole country that for purity of sentiment, elevation of thought, integrity of purpose, broad philanthrophy, lofty benevolence and elevated statesmanship, the speeches that Horace Greeley has delivered on his present tour through the West have no equal, no parallel in American history in the politics of our country. [Great applause.] If I had never been for him before, I would be for him to-night. [Cheers.] His election signifies peace and reconciliation, signifies love among the sections where hate has prevailed, signifies purity in every department of the government. I stood forth once to oppose this movement, but bowed to it when my party decided to embrace it.

To-night I go further; to-night I embrace it with all my heart, with all my mind, with all my strength, as tending to the purification, the redemption of our whole country, North and South, everywhere. [Loud Applause.] This spectacle is a bright omen of success. I propose to introduce to you, my fellow citizens, one of the men who by his own brain and hands has carved for himself a foremost place not merely in the history of the country, but in the history of the world. I propose to introduce one who from the position of labor and toil has placed himself in the front ranks of mankind—Horace Greeley. [Loud and prolonged cheering.]

### The Act Exempting Cotton and Woolen Manufactures From Taxation.

One of the most important measures before the last Legislature was a bill exempting cotton and woolen manufactories from taxation. The bill was introduced by Senator Steadman, and passed both houses by large majorities:

An Act to Encourage the Manufacture of Cotton and Woolen Fabrics in the State of Georgia.

Section 1. Be it enacted, That for the purpose of inducing the investment and employment of capital in the manufacture of cotton and woolen fabrics and yarns within the State, any individual or individuals, and any body corporate that shall hereafter invest money to be employed in the erection and operation of any mill or mills within said State for the manufacture of fabrics, out of cotton or wool or both, whether such investment be applied in the establishment of a new factory or in the extension or enlargement of any now existing factory, shall be exempt from taxation for State, county or municipal purposes on the capital so invested, and on any property purchased or erected therewith, intended for and necessary to such manufacture, for the term of ten years from and after the laying of the foundation of the mill so to be erected. And it shall be the duty of the individual or individuals, or body corporate claiming the benefit of such exemption, to report to the Comptroller-General of the State the amount of the capital so invested, and the time when the foundation of the mill reached the surface of the ground and where situated: Provided, That in case of the extension or enlargement of any factory now established and in operation, this act shall not be so construed as to exempt from taxation investments made and applied to such purpose prior to the passage of this act.

Section 2. It shall not be lawful for any State, county or municipal officer to require any individual or individuals, or body corporate, who shall make such investment as described in the first section of this act, after its passage, and shall give notice thereof to the Comptroller-General, as therein provided, to return for taxation, or to pay any tax upon capital invested, or upon property so purchased or erected within the time of said exemption, any law custom or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

### General Campaign Notes

The St. Paul Pioneer insists that there can be no doubt of a handsome majority for Greeley in Minnesota.

James Flanigan is Grant's Postmaster at Broadhead, this county, an office which pays but $30 per annum. Some days ago he received notice to "pony up" $25 toward the corruption fund.—*Pittsburg Post.*

So many colored men have left the District of Columbia to work on "Simon Cameron's road in Pennsylvania" that the falling off in registration of this clear vote is, in some of the Washington districts, fully one-half.

The Louisville Courier says: "The people of Tennessee should not trust Andrew Johnson. He is a hundred per cent. more apt to cheat 'em than Cheatham himself."

The Massachusetts politicians have settled it that Boutwell succeed Wilson in the Senate, if Wilson is elected Vice President. In consideration of agreeing to this, Ben. Butler is to be made Governor in 1873, and Senator vice Sumner in 1875.

The New York Herald of Fridy says: "Letters from Pennsylvania state a thorough canvass shows Buckalew will come to Philadelphia with 30,000 majority." It is believed Gov. Curtin's defection from the Grant party will be worth 10,000 votes to Greeley.

STRAIGHT NOMINEE FOR GOVERNOR OF INDIANA, DECLINES.

A. P. Edgerton, nominated for Governor by the Bourbons of Indiana, is staying at a hotel in this city. He expressly repudiates all connection with the movement, and says no consideration will he permit his name to be used, but on the contrary, he intends not only to vote for Hendricks, but will do everything in his power to insure his election.

O'CONOR AND THE BOURBON NOMINATION.

The Times' announcement that O'Conor has at last accepted the Louisville nomination rests on very slender grounds indeed. Even taking the statement of its own reporter, he says a certain Mr. Sykes, of this city, claims to have received a letter from O'Conor which closes with an acceptance of the nomination. The Times' reporter asked to see the letter, but Mr. Sykes preferred not to show it. O'Conor himself is invisible to reporters, feeling physically unable, perhaps, to decline oftener than four or five times a week.

NEW YORK POLITICS.

It is claimed that a careful canvass of the State shows an average of 600 Liberal Republicans to the county, while the Bourbons amount to a very small per cent. of the Democratic vote, and a large proportion of this is gradually becoming reconciled to the situation and accepting Greeley. The Bourbon committees are at a standstill for want of funds, as no one is disposed to contribute to a positively losing cause. Even the leaders are becoming discouraged; and though the straight-out Convention set down to meet in Albany on the 3d of October may be held, it is doubtful if any nomination for an electoral ticket will be made. It is more than intimated that John J. Van Allen who has the burden of the movement upon his shoulders, is likely to come into the Greeley traces before election day.

It is claimed to be positively known in the committee rooms that under no circumstances will O'Conor accept the Louisville nomination.—*N. Y. Herald, 23d.*

☞ The Washington Patriot calls the attention of the Attorney General to the case of Pension Agent Collins, who was appointed by the present administration, who is a defaulter to the extent of $60,000, and who has been allowed to go scot free.

☞ A bookbinder said to his wife at their wedding: "It seems now we are bound together, two volumes in one, with clasps." "Yes," observed one of his guests, "one side highly ornamented Turkey morocco, and the other plain calf."

## LIFE IN PARIS!!

## THE MABILLE GARDENS!!

### DANCING AMID SPECTACULAR SPLENDORS.

[Special Correspondence of the Baltimore American.]

PARIS, September 2.—The number of Americans who arrived in Paris during the past week, and registered their names at the different banking houses, was eight hundred and ten, and an equal number during the preceding week. There are said to be over two thousand now in the city, and the number is increasing hourly.

THE MABILLE GARDENS.

An American lady, who was chided by an over-prudish friend for having joined a party of American ladies and gentlemen to spend an evening at the Mabille Gardens, responded: "Well, I admit it was naughty, but then it was so nice." She contended that she had never spent at any place of amusement a more agreeable evening, and had not seen half as much to shock her sense of propriety as could be seen on the boards of our leading theatres during a ballot season. The garden itself, independent of the scenes enacted, is one of the most brilliant spectacles ever presented to the human vision. The number of gas jets in the Garden is said to exceed 50,000, which, mingled with the foliage of the trees and flowers, and artistically arranged in and around the dancing circle, almost blinds the eye at times with its brilliancy. Then there are grottoes and arbors, and alcoves, refreshment saloons, and booths for various little games interspersed, all adding the gay and festive scene. That portion of the garden intended for promenades is only sufficiently lighted to give effect to the illusion produced by some ingenious painter by which the groves seem to extend indefinitely in the distance, though really not more than a hundred yards in extent. The trees, the grass, the flowers, the fountains, and the bushes, each and all throw forth their blaze of light and contribute to the general effect. A row of thirty iron arches span the upper end of the garden, each almost 25 feet high, and both columns and arches one blaze of light. The columns appear in the distance as if fluted with fire, and the arches and pillars are formed of three rows of gas jets, and when viewed from the circle, with the intervening fountains and large frosted globes suspended from every available point, presents a scene of enchantment surpassing the genius of Mr. Getz to present in scenic illusion.

Whilst the adjuncts to the grand central attraction of the garden are like the visions of a fairy tale, the dancing circle eclipses everything else in its brilliant arrangement and the artistic use of gas. It is about two hundred and fifty feet in diameter, with an elegant music temple in the centre, not quite so large as the pagoda in Druid Hill, but capable of seating a band of fifty musicians, the best that Paris can produce. An immense chandlier is suspended in the center with eighty globes, and between each of the ten columns three large globes are suspended. The temple being of iron emits gas jets at all points. Half way between the temple and the outer circle are arranged, equidistant, twelve large palm trees, or at least iron representations of the palm, about thirty feet high, and from their broad leaves are suspended innumerable plum-shaped globes, serving as chandeliers, directly over the heads of the dancers. The outer edge of the dancing arena is encircled with twenty iron arches with double rows of gas jets going entirely around, whilst from each arch three mammoth globe lights are suspended. The combination is most charming to the eye in every direction, and each jet has evidently been placed and arranged with a view to its scenic effect from all other portions of the garden when viewed.

THE MABILLE AUDIENCE.

The audience consists of all classes so far as standing in society may designate them, but in appearance and dress they nearly all deport themselves as ladies and gentlemen, excepting, of course, the most reckless of the dances. The price of admission, five francs for a gentleman and one for a lady accompanying him, makes it somewhat select on the male side, and keeps away disorderly characters. However, the fully equipped gendarmes, with drawn swords, standing like statues at various points in the Garden, is a significant notification that order must be preserved, and it is preserved with the strictest decorum. Nearly all strangers visiting Paris, both ladies and gentlemen, spend at least one evening at the Mabille Garden, and even staid old English and American mothers and fathers, with their daughters, can be seen nightly enjoying the scene. All desire to go, and when opportunity offers the ladies especially are sure to avail themselves of it. They think they will go without letting any of their acquaintances know of the contemplated indiscretion, but when there they are sure to meet an acquaintance at every turn, and by glancing around among the alcoves are apt to find the very ones from whom they were most desirous of concealing their presence endeavoring to dodge their own vision. Many amusing scenes of recognition occur nightly occur, and indeed if you desire to find out who are in Paris there is the place to meet them.

THE MABILLE DANCERS.

The Gardens are opened at 8 o'clock in the evening, but it is before dancing really commences. The first comers are generally strangers, who think they will come early to see the scene, and retire before the sinners make their appearance. The next become interested in the promenaders, who at 9 o'clock throng out towards the circle with a suddenness that almost startles the beholder, and in a few minutes it is difficult to works one's way through the broad thouroughfare The majority of the cyprians behave themselves with the dignity of matrons, and, with few exceptions, and modestly arrayed, mingling with the promenaders until the dancing commences. After the performance of several operatic airs the band strikes up a gallopade, and immediately rings are formed in the circle around two or three of the finest female dancers. Partners are secured, and soon they are spinning around like teetotums with an exposure of finely formed limbs and an agility that is seldom equalled on the stage. There are, of course, some professional dancers both male and female, employed by the establishment, who lead off in those furious demonstrations, and the men frequently in the midst of the dance throw their heels over their partner's head. The females are equally agile, and when too far from the circle to see them, the spectator can perceive the toes of their boots flying over the heads of the throng by whom they are surrounded. Although they wore long dresses, they are appareled as the ballet girls in all respects, including flesh-colored tights and short pantalets.

Saturday night is the gala night of the week, and it is on these occasions that strangers mostly visit the Mabille. From 9 o'clock to midnight, when the gendarmes put a stop to the dancing, and the musicians retire there is no cessation of the scene of wild abandon and unrestrained hilarity. To all outward appearance they seem to be full of the enjoyment of the occasion, and merry peals of laughter are resounding from all quarters.

### An Anecdote With a Point.

The New Haven (Conn.) Register says: "Mr. J. Q. Adams has advanced the principles enunciated at Cincinnati, but now proposes, for some reason, to take such a course as will perpetuate for four years more the present calamitous administration. Which there is no law against a man's turning his back upon himself, even though the man should be a member of 'that family' of Adamses."

Which reminds us of a little story. Not long before the death of the elder Adams, he paid a visit to the old Cradle of Liberty, Faneuil hall, for the purpose of inspecting a picture of Washington, then recently painted by Stuart. After gazing upon the portrait for some minutes in silence, he said: "Ah, gentlemen, Washington was a wise man, a very wise man; he knew when to talk and when to be dumb; but that d—d fool"—tapping with his cane a marble bust of himself—"never could keep his mouth shut!"

This family trait is evidently perpetuated in the fourth generation, and has just killed a very promising young man of the Adams tribe.—*Missouri Republican.*

☞ Poor girls! M. Lindeman, who evidently knows more about female hair than he ought to, informs The British Medical Journal that every hair in a false plait ends with a nodosity; each nodosity contains 50 psorosperms; each psorosperm throws off minute spheres which become pseudo-naviculiæ, and that the pseudo-naviculiæ, in a ball room where there are 50 false-capillaried ladies, amount to 45,000,000, which, when inhaled, force their way into the circulation and bring on cardiac affections. Girls would no doubt rather go bald-headed than make themselves headquarters for a few million nodosities, psorosperms, pseuda-naviculiæ, and other cheerful reptiles.

### Grant Meeting at Dongtasville.

*Editors Constitution:* At a meeting of the Grantites at Dongtasville, September 12, Rev. J. D. Self was called to the chair, and Judge John C. Bowdon requested to act as Secretary.

On motion the chair appointed Madison Freeman, Esq., Jackson Bowen, colored, Judge John C. Bowdon, John Ellison, colored, John Edge, Esq., a committee of five to prepare business for the meeting. During the absence of the committee the meeting was entertained by interesting speakers in defense of Grant and his policy. The committee returned resolutions favoring the re-election of Grant, and also the election of a Mr. Walker for Governor.

On motion, Dr. Cuzens was nominated by acclamation as candidate to represent Douglass county in the next Legislature. Dr. Cuzens, on receiving the nomination accepted the compliment with thanks, and entertained the meeting with a lengthy speech in favor of Grant and the Radical party. He took his seat in the midst of tremendous applause and cries of, "Go on Cuzens, go on."

AN EYE WITNESS.

GAINESVILLE, Sept. 25, 3 o'clock P. M.

The Democratic Congressional Convention for the Ninth District met this morning. J. E. Redwine Chairman, —— Brown and A. S. Erwin Secretaries. Two ballots have been taken. The last stood: G. McMillán, 26; H. P. Bell, 25; W. P. Price, 12. E.

### Romance in Real Life—An Episode of the Late War.

The Cleveland Plaindealer furnishes the following story: The familiar aphorism that truth is stranger than fiction receives a fresh verification almost daily. Our neighboring city of Tiffin is just now deeply interested in the sequel of a war episode, which shows how romance sometimes creeps into the events of real life. Early in the war Tiffin and vicinity had a sort or itinerant preacher, named Downey. Upon the outbreak of the war Downey entered the service as captain in one of the Seneca regiments, and when the Government decided upon employing negro troops he became Colonel of a negro regiment. During the campaign in Tennessee his regiment chanced to encamp upon the farm of Colonel Washington, near Nashville. The regiment seems not to have been under the best of discipline. They seized Colonel Washington and threatened him with death, and also set about destroying the elegant family mansion. Colonel Downey, by great exertions, and at the imminent risk of his own life, succeded in rescuing Colonel Washington from death, and saving the mansion and other property from destruction. Colonel Washington left profoundly grateful at the time for Colonel Downey's brave exertions in his behalf, and promised never to forget them. There the matter rested, and the wild scenes with which Downey was surrounded soon drove it out of his mind. He remained at the head of his regiment till the war was over, and then returned to Tiffin and settled down into a quiet domestic life. Not long ago he died, leaving his family in straitened circumstances. Mrs. Downey was driven to rely on her needle for support. She and her children lived in their humble way, with little thought that a great change was soon to be wrought in their condition. Recently Colonel Washington died, when it was found that he had willed his property, consisting of ten thousand dollars in bonds and greenbacks, and three hundred acres of improved land, situated a mile and a half from Nashville—the whole valued at a hundred thousand dollars at least—to the heirs of Colonel Downey. Israel J. Downey, a son of the deceased Colonel, has just returned from Nashville, whither he went to see about the bequest. He found everything concerning the will as stated above. The administrator of the estate was in Tiffin on Monday, arranging details of the transfer.

The history of the rebellion contains few more romantic episodes than this.

### A "Corner" in Wives.

"Corners" are not confined to Wall street, New York, or to State street, Boston. Neither are they made wholly by dealers in stocks and bonds.

The Zulus, of South Africa do not need a missionary to teach them to be shrewd. Through a strong and robust people they have a decided weakness for womankind. They have as many wives as they have means to purchase; and unlike many in civilized countries, they buy not with gold, or houses, or estates, but with cows. Twenty, thirty, fifty or a hundred cows are given for a wife, according as the girl is young and beautiful or otherwise.

One bold Zula operator with large capital once bought up all the young and desirable girls in the market of the whole region and compelled all who wanted to buy to pay him most exorbitant prices for their wives.

Of course there was much distress, and this disastrous state of things attracted the attention of their government, and the recurrence of it was prevented by a law which fixes the legal price of a wife to be only ten cows. No man can collect more than this by law. He may receive fifty if he will, but he can force no one to pay more than ten.—*Boston Traveller.*

GEORGIA DEAD AT WINCHESTER.—The Macon Telegraph states that a young gentleman from that section of the State lately had occasion to visit "Stonewall" cemetery, at Winchester, Virginia, and while there he found the graves of the following Georgia soldiers who were interred in the cemetery. They all belonged to the Fourth Georgia Regiment:

E. B. Hill, Co. K; B. F. Heit, Co. H; J. C. Mann, Co. —; Sergeant J. Maginty, Co. A; J. H. Cole, Co. —; W. E. Mitchell, Co. K; J. F. Sullivan, Co. F; Captain A. Frost, Co. D; W. Williams, Co. E; J. H. Allen, Co. D; Sergeant J. J. Pelder, Co. K.

In the "Stonewall" cemetery are the graves of 815 soldiers whose names are unknown, 400 of which are in the Georgia lot. The graves are all in good order—the ladies of Winchester having consecrated themselves to the work of caring for them. They are making their cemetery a most beautiful one, and are caring for the known and unknown alike.

☞ Ole Bull, the world-renowned violinist, has decided to return to America the coming fall, and make a complete tour through all the Southern States. It is now fifteen years since his last visit to any of the Southern cities, excepting Richmond, Virginia, Lexington and Louisville, Kentucky, which were within easy distances of his numerous Western engagements during the last four years. The civil war frustrated his plans first, and the unparalleled demand for his concerts East and West, North and the Canadas, kept him booked until the fall of 1871. His manager, Mr. Thomas R. Turnbull, had, for the last season, completed engagements in all the Southern States, but was forced to cancel all such owing to the severe indisposition of the great master. It affords us pleasure to state that the improved condition of his health permits him now to carry into execution his long-cherished desire of traveling through the South. We are sure his admirers will turn out *en masse* to give him a cordial greeting.—*Baltimore American.*

THE RESULTS OF MANUFACTURING.—In one year the profits of manufactures in Massachusetts were $102,000,000, amounting to $68 to every human being in the State. The wages paid amounted to $113,000,000, which, to those employed in the factories, gave over $400 each. Now, suppose this same rule applied to all our States, and each of those large divisions of the national domain in our warmer latitudes had mills and places of industry on water courses that never freeze or cause the busy wheel to cease, what endless wealth would bless this land? Again: Massachusetts has over half a million of mechanics depositors in savings banks, who alone have over $170,000,000!—*Washington Republican.*

A SILENT FRIENDS QUARREL.—Grant is credited with having said that he would accomplish a certain object if it took all summer, but we have an illustration of the same spirit in an aged couple now living in this county that far surpasses Grant or any other military chieftain of whom we read. The persons referred to are nearly ninety years of age, and although living in the same house with their grandson, and sitting opposite each other at the same table daily, have not exchanged a word for more than twenty years. The ill feeling thus cherished is the result of a trifling family jar, such as ought not to have disturbed the happiness of the family for an hour.—*Rising Sun (Indiana) Recorder, September 21.*

☞ Pendleton is stumping the Ohio Democracy—wherever he goes he slays Grantites by the hundreds and thousands.

# BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

## A Cotton Verdict.

## Forrester Proposes to Divulge the Name of Nathan's Murderer.

## A Lengthy Decision.

## Cypher Telegram from Napoleon Stopped.

## 1,8000 Communists Yet in Prison.

## Grant Men in Disguise.

## Terrible Storm in Iowa.

## Financial and Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 25. *Probabilities.*—For the New England States to-night southerly winds, cloudy weather and the form veering to west, and clearing weather over the western portion on Thursday afternoon and over the eastern portion Thursday night; for the Middle States on Thursday westerly winds, a falling temperature and clear and clearing weather; for the South Atlantic States southerly to westerly winds and cooler weather; for the Gulf States winds veering to westerly; from Tennessee to Lake Erie and the upper lakes northwesterly and westerly winds and clear and cooler weather. The brisk and high winds over the upper lake region will probably diminish somewhat in force on Thursday.

NEW YORK, September 25.—In the United States Circuit Court at St. Louis yesterday, the jury gave a verdict for the plaintiff in the case of Henning & Pearce, of New York, against the United States Insurance Company to recover the value of cotton burned on the steamer Progression on the Mississippi river during the war. The amount claimed is $178,000. An appeal will probably be made to the Supreme Court.

During the storm yesterday, Manager Singleton, of the signal service stationed at St. Louis, while attending to the Observatory, was struck by lightning. He will recover.

George William Curtis declines to be a Presidential Elector because he is Chairman of the Advisory Board of civil service, which may make him constitutionally ineligible.

The United States steamboat inspectors Boole and S. S. Hill will investigate the Blenville disaster.

Forrester is reported to have said yesterday he pardoned from the Illinois prison he will divulge who was the real murderer of Nathan.

Mrs. Johnson who fatally changed her husband's head yesterday, has been sent to the hospital in historical fits which seized her immediately after committing the crime. Johnson is dying. Wood, her paramour, is held to await the death or recovery of Johnson.

LONDON, September 25.—The opinion of Chief Justice Cockburn, disagreeing with the decision of his colleagues in the Geneva tribunal, is published in the Gazette. It makes two hundred and fifty pages.

The English Court has gone in mourning for the King of Sweden.

COPENHAGEN, DEN., September 25.—King Christian is seriously ill.

BERLIN, PRUSSIA, September 25.—The authorities have stopped the transmission by telegraph of a cypher dispatch of four hundred words signed by Napoleon.

PARIS, FRANCE, September 25.—Eighteen thousand Communists are yet held in confinement. The intention, however, is to release one-half of them. Only those accused of assassination, thieving and arson are to be tried.

MADRID, SPAIN, September 25.—The Spanish Budgett proposes to cover deficits by withholding subsidies from the clergy.

## MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK, September 25.—The Committee from the Louisville Convention has issued a long address. Grant's election, it says, would be a less calamity than Greeley's election. The address concludes by inviting Democrats to vote for O'Conor and Adams.

CHICAGO, ILL., September 25.—There has been a terrible storm in the eastern portion of Iowa. Thirteen houses were blown down in Monora and considerable damage done at Dubuque and Dunleith.

BOSTON, MASS., September 25.—Harvard's College Committee decides to take no action upon the admission of females.

## Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, September 25.—Cotton steady; uplands 18; Orleans 19½; sales 1,807 bales. Cotton sales for future delivery to-day, 18,600 bales, as follows: September, 18 1-16a18⅛. October, 18 1-16a18 3-16. November, 18 3-16a18 5-16. December, 18 a18 9-16. January, 18⅛a19. February, 19⅛a19⅜. March, 19 5-16a20. April, 20⅛a20¼.

Flour inactive and a shade easier, common to fair extra $7 70a10; good to choice $10 05a12 50. Whisky 92½a92¾. Wheat unchanged; firm freight and export demand. Corn in fair demand with some delivery for future delivery. Rice quiet. Pork steady. Beef dull. Lard heavy. Navals firm. Tallow 8¼a9. Freights active and firmer.

Money active at 6a7. Sterling dull at 7¼a7¾. Gold 113a113. Governments steady at a slight decline. State bonds dull and steady.

LATER.—81s 15; 67s 14; 64s 14; 65s 14; new 13; 67s 13; 68s 13; new 5s 10; 10-40s 7¼. Tennessee 72; new 72 3-8. Virginia 6s 44; new 43. Consols 92⅞; deferred 15. Levee 6s 58; ditto 8s 60. Alabama 8s 80; 5s 60. Georgia 6s 70; 7s 85. North Carolinas 32; new 20; special tax 12. South Carolina 40; new 23½; April and October 24.

LIVERPOOL, September 25, evening.—Cotton closed unchanged; sales of middling Orleans for September delivery, 9¾.

GALVESTON, September 25.—Cotton firmer; good ordinary 15½; net receipts 742 bales; sales 900; stock 13,153.

MEMPHIS, September 25.—Cotton firm with an active demand; middlings 17 5-8a17⅝; receipts 502 bales; shipments 481; stock 2,920.

CHARLESTON, September 25.—Cotton firmer, ordinary to good ordinary 15a16½; low middlings 16½; middlings 17; net receipts 1,606 bales; sales 560; stock 15,024.

PHILADELPHIA, September 25.—Cotton firm; middlings 19.

NORFOLK, September 25.—Cotton steady; low middlings 17¼a17⅜; net receipts 662 bales; exports coastwise 290; sales 50; stock 2,615.

WILMINGTON, September 25.—Cotton firm; middlings 16½; net receipts 287 bales; exports coastwise 16; stock 273.

SAVANNAH, September 25.—Cotton firm and in good demand; good ordinary 16½; low middlings 17; middlings 17½; net receipts 2,249 bales; exports coastwise 1,150; sales 1,300; stock 16,646.

BOSTON, September 25.—Cotton firmer; middlings 19; net receipts none; gross 69 bales; sales 250; stock 5,000.

MOBILE, September 25.—Cotton quiet and firm; middlings 18½; low middlings 17a17½; net receipts 854 bales; exports coastwise 565; sales 300; stock 4,682.

AUGUSTA, September 25.—Cotton firm; middlings 16¼a16 5-8; net receipts 1,160 bales; sales 1,178.

WASHINGTON, September 24.—Navals firm and steady.

ST. LOUIS, September 25.—Bagging unchanged at 15a15½. Flour quiet and unchanged. Corn easier; No. 2 mixed 40. Whisky steady at 91. Pork quiet at $14 50. Bacon quiet; shoulders 8¼; clear rib sides 11¼; clear sides 12. Lard firm; summer 8¼a8¾.

BALTIMORE, September 25.—Cotton quiet and firm; middlings 18½; gross receipts 127 bales; sales to-day 530—last evening 200; stock 1,710.

Flour dull. Wheat steady. Corn d

# The Daily Constitution.

ATLANTA:

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1872.


## City Intelligence.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—John McKinne offers some valuable property for sale on time.

A young lady wishes to secure the position of teacher.

Miss Mary E. Patch & Co., dress makers and manufacturers of all kinds of ladies' and children's wear, occupy the rooms formerly occupied by Mrs. Jane Kennedy & Co.

Col. G. W. Adair will sell on the first Tuesday in October five farms on Peachtree creek; five houses and lots on the corner of Mitchell and Loyd streets, and five dairy farms on the Turnpike Road.

The Sensation Gaiter, for gentlemen, is the latest novelty at Force's Shoe Store.

Col. G. W. Adair will sell, on the first Tuesday in October, five dairy farms on the turnpike road.

George Davis & Mc. Hill have opened a barber shop, next to James' Bank, on Whitehall street.

See legal notice from DeKalb county.

GRAND OPERA to-night.

ELECTION TICKETS.—Send in your orders for election tickets at once.

RAIN.—Atlanta and vicinity was visited with a fine shower of rain yesterday morning. The dust was completely laid.

MATSON sells a pair of fine mules this morning at 8¼ o'clock. Sale positive.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE ON TIME. We call attention to the advertisement of Mr. John McKinnie, in our advertising columns this morning.

ANOTHER ONE OF THE HIGHWAYMEN.—Joe Begg, one of the negroes who was implicated in robbing Mr. Hartman, of DeKalb county, some days since on the Decatur road, was up yesterday before Judge Bell and waived a hearing and went to jail in default of one thousand dollars bond.

GRAND OPERA to-night.

DELAYED.—The accommodation train on the Georgia Railroad was delayed an hour yesterday morning by the engine running off soon after coming out of the round house.

DEKALB SUPERIOR COURT.—Elbert Irwin, (col.) plead guilty yesterday to voluntary manslaughter, and was sentenced to the penitentiary for twenty years.

John Crawford, (col.) was found guilty of an assault and battery on John Y. Flowers, at Doraville, and sentenced to the public works for twelve months.

RHINO.—Our young friend Charlie E. Covart was, on Tuesday last, admited to practice law before the Supreme Court of Georgia, and yesterday was admitted to the bar of the United States District Court. Charlie is a deserving young lawyer, and we are glad to see him going up.

"IL TROVATORE."—Let a full house greet the Parepa Rosa Opera Troupe at DeGive's to-night. This troupe embraces many bright musical stars in it A fine musical treat may be expected.

PUBLIC LAWS.—All the acts, public and private, passed by the last Legislature, will be out in a few weeks. Price two dollars per copy, neatly bound. Send in your orders at once to THE CONSTITUTION Office if you wish to procure them.

OFF FOR LOUISVILLE.—General Gordon and wife, T. E. Walker and wife, Miss Paul Howard, Mr. Howard and Miss Lelia Howard, J. J. Williams, R. C. Robson and Berry Chamberlin, left for the Louisville Exposition last night.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.—But two cases were tried yesterday in the United States Circuit Court.

Wash. Mosse'y and J. Dicken were severally acquitted of the charge of illicit distillation.

GENTLEMEN who wish to raise a "sensation," or exhibit "common sense," will supply themselves with gaiters and shoes at G. H & A. W. Force's shoe store.

HEAVY WEIGHTS.—The aggregate weight of three of the printers at THE CONSTITUTION office is 708 pounds, or 310, 238, and 260 respectfully.

GORDON ZOUAVES.—At the meeting of the Gordon Zouaves last night, the following committees were appointed:

On Membership—Warren Jourdan, T. D. Meador and Jack Johnson.

On Uniform—Edgar Leyden, M. W. Rabun and Judd Smith.

On Constitution and By-Laws—Charles Meador, Tom Stockton and Jack Johnson.

They had an enthusiastic meeting. Uniforms being ordered and every body evincing a deep interest in the success of Zouaves.

This company bids fair to become the crack company of the city. Success to them.

GO! YE AFFLICTED.—There can be no question that to be afflicted with stamering is a source of discomfort and annoyance. But there is no necessity now to remain in that situation for Dr. Moses can effect a cure. His success is truly wonderful Call and see him.

RECORDER'S COURT—BY "YE SPECIAL". His Honor's entertainment was slimly patronized on yesterday, owing to the inclemency of the weather. The Hill family, and another family who answered to the name of "Gull y" when their names were called, were nearly all who entertained his Honor, but he succeeded in realizing $30 and all expenses, which was very good for a rainy day.

Col. S. J. WINN.—Col. S. J. Winn, the Democratic candidate for Senator from the 34th District, addressed the people of DeKalb at Decatur yesterday. His speech was listened to with marked attention, and enthused all who heard it. It was replete with sound Democratic doctrine, and demonstrated the fact that the Democracy had a leader of whom they might justly be proud.

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION—The Ninth Congressional Democratic Convention met at Gainesville yesterday. When the Air-Line passenger train passed Gainesville some four or five ballots had taken place. The last ballot stood:

| | |
|---|---|
| Garnet McMillan | 26 |
| F. P. Bell | 25 |
| W. P. Price | 13 |

It was generally thought, at the time the train left, that the Convention would harmonize on Major W. R. Simmons, of Gwinnett.

GRAND OPERA to-night.

AIR-LINE WORK SHOPS.—We learn that Gainesville (S. C.) is making strong efforts to have the work shops of the Air Line Railroad located there, proposing to give as a bonus fifty acres of land and $100,000. Col. Hadnutt, Engineer of the Southern Railway Security Company, we learn, favors the location at Gainesville.

Atlanta is too important a point to be overlooked. The proper location for the work shops is here. The right sort of effort would secure the location of the shops here. Let us secure it.

SAD.—We are pained to learn of the death at Athens, on Monday last, of Annie King Lumpkin, daughter of our news editor, J. T. Lumpkin, in her 20th year, of catarrhal fever. We tender our sincere condolence to our co-laborer in his sad bereavement. But

"While we mingle dust with dust,
To One supremely good and wise
Raise hallelujahs * * * *

Fair Spring at last
Receives her on her flowery shore,
Where Pleasure's rose
Immortal blows,
And sin and sorrow are no more."

AN IMPORTANT DECISION.—Yesterday an important decision was made in the United States Circuit Court by Judge Erskine in the case of the United States vs. Washington Mosely, charged with carrying on the business of a distiller without having paid the special tax.

The United States' witnesses testified that defendant worked in the distillery as a hireling, and that he did not own or have possession of the still, and did not receive the proceeds of the whisky.

Judge Erskine held, in substance, that the defendant being a hireling could not be convicted of the charge of carrying on the business of a distiller, and that no one but the person who had possession of, and exercised dominion over the distillery could be convicted of that offense, but that it is not necessary that such person, to be guilty of the offense, be the actual owner of the distillery, it is only necessary that he be in possession of it, and carry on the business.

Judge Erskine held farther that working in an illicit distillery as a hireling, is a separate and distinct offense from that of carrying on the business of a distiller, but that it is of the same nature, and a defendant may be found guilty of it on trial under a charge of carrying on the business of a distiller, provided it is shown by the Government that the distillery in which he worked is an illicit distillery.

Henry P. Farrow, United States Attorney, George R. Hewell, Assistant United States Attorney, for the United States.

Garlard, Howell, Pope & Brown, for defendant.

## SUPREME COURT CASES.

### Regular Order of Business—Cases yet to be Reached.

[REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CONSTITUTION BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.]

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 12 | Atlanta | 21 | 17 Middle 1 |
| 13 | Rome | 6 | 18 Ocmulgee 13 |
| 14 | Cherokee | 14 | 19 Eastern 1 |
| 15 | Northern | 8 | 20 Brunswick 8 |
| 16 | Augusta | 29 | |

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA, *September 25, 1872.*—No 20, Atlanta Circuit. The Georgia National Bank vs. Felix H. Henderson. Case from Fulton. Argument concluded. Collier, Mynatt & Collier, for plaintiff in error. Wm. Hezard, Haisey & Tigner, contra.

No. 16, Atlanta Circuit, Joseph E. Veal, administrator, vs. A. M. Perkerson, Deputy Sheriff. Rule vs. Sheriff, from Fulton, argued. E. N. Broyles for plaintiff in error. Hillyer & Bro. contra.

No. 28, Macon Circuit, The Southwestern Railroad Company vs. W. W. Chapman, guardian, et al. Refusal of injunction, from Bibb, argued. Lyon & Irwin for plaintiff in error. Poe, Hall and Poe, contra.

At the conclusion of the argument of the above stated case, the Court adjourned until 10 o'clock A. M. to-morrow.

RESIGNATION OF REV. A. I. DRYSDALE. At a meeting of the Wardens and Vestry of St. Philip's Church, held on Monday evening, 23d of September, 1872, the following resolutions were adopted.

Whereas, the Rev. Alexander I. Drysdale has tendered his resignation and is about to leave us for a new field of duty,

Resolved, That we the Wardens and Vestry of St. Phillip's Church do deeply deplore this decision on the part of our Rector and feel that in him we lose one of the most ardent, zealous and fearless supporters of the church we have.

Resolved, That our deepest gratitude and thanks are due to him for his noble and christian work while in our midst, and more especially for his labors in inaugurating the new and prospering Mission of the Chapel of the Holy Innocents and we do know and feel that this work will yet bear much fruit unto salvation, and may it be our Master's will to reward its founder seven fold unto his own bosom.

Resolved, That St. Phillips congregation will long and gratefully remember Rev. A. I. Drysdale, and think with pleasure on his many and devoted labors while among us, his kindness for God's poor, his deep sympathy for the afflicted, and his eloquent, fearless and persuasive appeals in the sanctuary.

Resolved, That our kindest wishes, our sincerest affection, and most earnest prayers do follow him in his new sphere of duty, and may God daily add to the church under his charge those who shall inherit eternal life.

Resolved, That the Secretary be requested to transmits a copy of the foregoing resolutions to Mr. Drysdale.

A true copy from the minutes.

THOS. E. WALKER, Secretary.

FESTIVAL.—The festival last night for the benefit of St Luke's Episcopal Church was attended by a fair crowd. A visit there would well repay one.

Table No. 1 was presided over by Mrs. Evans and Mrs. Green, and was supplied with silver tea sett, etc.

Table No 2 was presided over by Miss Spaulding, and was supplied with perfumery.

Table No. 3 was presided over by Miss Harris—and was supplied with varieties.

Table No. 4 was presided over by Mrs. Henderson, and was supplied with varieties.

Table No 5 was presided over by Miss Sarah Green, and contained the cake in which was the gold ring.

Table No. 6 was presided over by Mrs. Green, and was supplied with good coffee.

Table No. 7 was presided over by Mrs. S. C. Bridwell and was supplied with lemonade.

Tables 8 and 9 were regular supper tables and were presided over by Mrs. Botsford and Glover.

Table No. 10 was presided over by Mrs. Hutchinson, and was supplied with confectionery.

The menagerie was under the control of Master Willie Botsford.

The Post Office was in charge of Miss Mamie Harris. She transports the mails!

The festival will be continued to-night and to-morrow night at the room up stairs, corner of Walton and Forsyth streets, over the Orphan's Free School Let all go out and help the ladies in their noble efforts.

The Fair will be opened at 3 o'clock this evening and every evening during the week.

At a late hour last night, a handsome youth, resembling some fairy, invaded our sanctum with a huge waiter bearing on its broad surface everything good to eat from the festival. Full justice was done to the viands, and a vote of thanks returned to the fair ones who testified their appreciation of the office.

ADDRESS OF GENERAL A. C. GARLINGTON. Last night James' Hall was filled with a large and attentive audience. We have never seen a better auditory assembled together. A pleasing feature of the occasion was the presence on the platform of the candidates at the recent nomination.

Hon. T. W. J. Hill, Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee of Fulton county, introduced General A. G. Garlington to the audience.

General Garlington is a fluent, forcible and eloquent speaker. He throws his whole soul into the effort, and carries conviction to every breast by his deep earnestness.

Coming from the State of South Carolina—now under the iron heel of despotism, and groaning beneath the weight of her oppressions and wrongs—he could not fail to depict the horrors of Grant's rule. His indictment of Grant's administration was scathing, strong and overwhelming. The enormities, outrages and corruption were portrayed with the hand of a master.

The reasons why the Democratic party and every true Southron should support Greeley in this contest were cogent and conclusive. During its delivery he was greeted with applause.

At the conclusion of his remarks, in response to calls, Hon. W. L. Calhoun, candidate for Representative, and Col. Samuel Well, made effective speeches, elicting outbursts of applause and putting everybody in the best humor possible.

WOMAN.—Amid the various scenes of this fitful existence, the most delightful one is that which wedded hearts and sympathising minds create. In the morning of life man looks around for one being in whose faithful and unchanging bosom he may repose his future confidence, and glide onward with, supporting and supported, through all attacks of the world, disease and pain. Our nature is never seen to a more beautiful advantage than when enthralled by such a care; it shows man in his native and ordained dignity of character, and woman in all those blandishments of an ingenious and uncorrupted soul, accompanying and delighting her lord in his summer hours of joy and sunshine nor shrinking from him in the "elemental war" and earth's assaults; she then shows "the tender fierceness of the dove," and the placid, helpless being of peace is nerved beyond her nature, and inspired by circumstance, with the feeling of Apollo's priestess. In women, confessedly, nature asserts her greater nobility and power; the disposition of men may admit of greater constancy of decision, but it is to the female character alone to embody itself with a feeling almost supernatural—to spurn and rise above all circumstance in the decision—to attempt every thing, and evince, by the daring, the beauty and the valuation of such effort.

## Local and Business Notices.

SENSATION GAITER for gentlemen, latest style of Shoe, at

sep26—d2t G. H. & A. W. FORCE'S.

BARBER SHOP.—George Davis & Mac Hill have opened a new Barber Shop, next to James' new Bank Block, on Whitehall street. They invite the patronage of the public Shaving 15 cents—first-class.

sep26—d1w

CABLE SCREW GAITERS and Jersey Ties for gentlemen, warranted not to rip, at

sep26—d2t G. H. & A. W. FORCE'S.

REMOVAL.—Jourdan, Howard & Haralson have removed from Whitehall street to their new store opposite the Kimball House. Parties who desire to purchase TOBACCO can be supplied in any quantity and quality, and at prices to suit the times. Call at our new store. sep25—d3t

COMMON SENSE SHOE for gentlemen, broad bottom, low heel, at

sep27—d2t G. H. & A. W. FORCE'S.

FALL ANNOUNCEMENT.—The flattering success of the past season has compelled us to extend our facilities in our Merchant Tailoring Department, in order to supply the increasing demand. The substantial support or a generous public has encouraged us to procure, at a large salary, the services of one of the most experienced Cutters in the profession, who is assisted by a corps of first-clas workmen which enables us to produce elegant garments at reasonable prices.

EISEMAN & BRO.,
sep21-d1f 56 Whitehall street.

OLD PAPERS! OLD PAPERS!—For sale at CONSTITUTION OFFICE in bundles of 100 copies each for convenience of customers. $1 per hundred. tf

ICE CREAM, by the gallon or plate. Families and parties supplied. LEWIS COOK,
may8—d1f Collier Building.

MISSION SABBATH SCHOOL SONG BOOKS, containing each 100 popular songs and selections prepared expressly for Mission Schools

Price Five Cents per Book.

Apply at THE CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
sep1-d1f W. A. HEMPHILL & Co.,

FOR THE SUMMER.—I am now prepared to furnish regular meals at the usual hours. My Restaurant is fitted up for the summer campaign. R. G. THOMPSON.

apr17-wed & sun-tf

ICE CREAM.—R. G. Thompson is prepared, from this date, to supply families, parties and picnics, with Ice Cream, in any quantity, at reasonable prices. apr17-wed & sun-tf

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.—Our pamphlet copies of the Decisions of the last term of the Supreme Court are now ready and are being sent out. Send in orders at once. This will insure the receipt of the Decisions at the earliest possible moment. Pamphlets, $1 00 per copy.

PEASE AND HIS WIFE, now have Fresh Norfolk Oysters in good condition and will keep, from now on, a constant supply. As in days past, we shall endeavor to sustain our former reputation. sep30-d1w

IN the past fourteen days we have sold out all of our shoes, amounting to fifteen thousand dollars.

Our dry goods are selling off at the same rate.

We, therefore, advise all who prefer to save at least 33⅓ per cent. on their dry goods bills, to call immediately, as we are using every means to sell out at the earliest possible day.

No house in the city can, will, or does, sell as cheap as we do. We have still on hand a fair assortment of dress goods for Summer, Fall and Winter, Shawls, Blankets, Hosiery, Gloves, White Goods, Trimmings, Ribbons, Brown and Bleached Cottons and new Calicoes, all of which we are selling rapidly, for less than first cost.

WILLIAM RICH & Co.

sep 8-sun-tues-thurs

ATLANTA MINERAL SPRING CURES.—*Mr. Sanders:* I had been suffering for five years with a very severe case of Dyspepsia. I commenced using the water of the Atlanta Mineral Springs—felt the beneficial effects of the water, and was entirely cured after its use twice a day for two months. I hereby recommend it to all afflicted as I was.

Yours, etc., JAS. STEWART,
Coweta County, Georgia.

*Mr. Sanders:* From long illness I was reduced to a skeleton—was generally debilitated—had no appetite, etc. I commenced using the Atlanta Mineral Spring water, and in less than a week commenced to improve; my appetite became better than ever; could eat and digest any kind of food, and soon gained flesh at the rate of three-fourths of a pound daily. J. M. MOORE, M. D.,
Honston County, Georgia.

*Mr. Sanders:* I can and do cordially recommend the Atlanta Mineral Spring water for the cure of Rheumatism. It is well to use it in bathing as well as drinking. I had had the disease for years and suffered excrutiatingly, and was entirely cured by this water, while every other remedy, that I had used, failed to do me any permanent good.

Yours truly, J. M. MCCARTHY.
Columbia, South Carolina.

July27-tf

## FOR SALE.

A VILLAGE HOME, 8¼ acres, on Georgia Railroad, 2½ miles from Union Depot, Atlanta. Improvements—Cottage with 6 rooms, and premises nearly all well enclosed.

Terms ⅓ cash, balance 1 and 2 years, with interest.

BELL & GOLDSMITH
sep25-d5t Real Estate Agents.

## ESTABLISHED IN 1857.

# Peter Lynch,

## 92 Whitehall Street,

WHOLESALE and Retail Grocer and Dealer in Provisions generally. Also, wholesale dealer in all kinds of Liquors, Wines, Cigars Tobacco, etc. Barrelled and bottled Cider, bottled English, Irish and Scotch Ales and Porters, etc., etc. In fact a general Variety Store too numerous to mention one-twentieth part of my Stock. Orders solicited.

All orders from the city and country accompanied with the cash or undoubted reference, will have my special, most lowest and promptest attention.

Terms cash. PETER LYNCH.
sep25 d3m

## "BAZAAR GAZETTE."

IN connection with the Bazaar to be held in Atlanta, between the 9th and the 23d prox., for the benefit of

St. Philip's (New) Episcopal Church,

WILL BE PUBLISHED THE

## "BAZAAR GAZETTE,"

a Daily paper containing items of general and local interest; Also, contributions from the pens of many of the most accomplished writers of the day.

The price of subscription is $1 00; and the ladies connected with the enterprise, earnestly and hopefully solicit subscribers. sep25-d1w

## In the Fifth Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of Georgia.

HARVEY TERRY and others, Complainants, and THE MERCHANTS' AND PLANTERS' BANK, and HIRAM ROBERTS, Defendants. In Equity.

ALL persons interested are hereby notified that by virtue of an order granted by the Honorable John Erskine, one of the Judges of the said Court, the undersigned has been appointed Master in Chancery in the aforesaid cause, to examine into and take an account of the amount, character and by whom presented, of all claims of any and all persons whomsoever, including attorneys, assignees, receivers, etc., against the fund assigned by the

## MERCHANTS' AND PLANTERS' BANK

to Hiram Roberts for the benefit of its creditors, or in any manner arising out of or connected with the execution of said trust, and report the same to the next term of said Court.

And that in accordance with said order the undersigned will hold a sitting at his office in the city of SAVANNAH, at 10 A. M., on the twenty-first day of October next, and report upon the said several claims upon said fund.

ANDREW SLOAN, Master etc.

Savannah, Ga., September 18, 1872.
sep19 d1awsw

THE

"BEST TO USE."
"EASIEST TO SELL."

S. M. Agents: It don't pay you to fight the best machine; prove our claims; get the agency and sell it. Address "DOMESTIC" S. M. Co, 96 Chambers St., N. Y.

No. 4 DeGive's Opera House Block, Marietta street, Atlanta, Georgia.

We have several of the late Improved Wheeler & Wilson, Singer, Howe, Wood and Florence Machines, that we have taken in exchange at a low price, for sale very cheap. sep26-1awtu

## AGENTS WANTED.

## The Master Spirits of the World,

—AND—

## THE TREASURE HOUSE OF AMERICA.

THE GRDAT BOOK OF THE YEAR.

AGENTS report sales of 25 to 100 copies in a few hours or days. Pamphlets Free. Address J. W. GOODSPEED, New York, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans. sep20—July6-d&wly

## SIDEWALKS! SIDEWALKS!

STONE Sidewalks put down of any shape and size, at

15 20 and 25 cents per square foot, according to thickness, by the

Atlanta Composition Stone Co.,

Office Franklin & Eichberg's Store, No. 14 Whitehall.

sep22—d3w

## NOTICE.

## Those Indebted to Talley & Sisson.

AT W. W. CHAPMAN'S,

WILL TAKE NOTICE. Their accounts and notes will be turned over to an Attorney for collection by the first of October next, and no mistake.

sep20—d1tlsteoct W. W. CHAPMAN.

## MRS. E. C. WITTER

WOULD ANNOUNCE TO THE LADIES OF ATLANTA that she has opened a handsome stock of

## MILLINERY,

AT HER RESIDENCE,

Corner Spring and Luckie Streets,

Next door to the Public School. A share of patronage is kindly solicited.

Atlanta, September 20th, 1872—d1w

## GORMAN'S River Plantation FOR SALE.

## 18 Miles from Atlanta.

## N. R. FOWLER, Auctioneer

## In Douglass County.

## 1,248 ACRES.

## 640 Acres of Fine Bottom Land.

The balance Oak and Hickory—Well Timbered.

IT HAS BEEN SUBDIVIDED INTO

## Four Farms.

No. 1—194 ACRES WOOD LAND—80 of which is Creek and River Bottom uncleared, and 111 Acres of River Bottow cleared. All of which will be sold as subdivided or as the purchaser may desire. A

## New Grist Mill and Cotton Gin

is on this Farm. Also,

## Two Tenement Houses,

one of 4 rooms and out buildings.

No. 2 contains 151 acres of woodland land, 120 acres of bottom land. On this is a

## Frame Dwelling

of 8 rooms and out buildings, and two fine orchards.

No. 3 has 143 acres of wood land, cleared land 147 acres. On this is two tenement houses. On this, also, is a splendid

## WATER POWER.

No. 4 has 154 acres of wood land, cleared land 185 acres. On tais place are

## Three Tenement Houses.

The above property will be

## Sold in Atlanta,

—ON THE—

## First Tuesday in November next,

## AT AUCTION.

If parties desire they can effect a private sale of this property.

WE ALSO HAVE A

## FARM IN CAMPBELL COUNTY FOR SALE.

It consists of 450 acres, 150 acres of Creek bottom, balance well timbered. On it is a good Frame Dwelling and out buildings.

Terms—One-half cash; balance in 12 months.

Map can be seen at Redwine & Fox's, Atlanta, Ga. Surveyed by D. T. Milling.

A. S. & JAMES M. GORMAN,
Proprietors.

REFERENCES—Wallace & Fowler, W. J. Garrett, Gen. A. Austell, M. G. Dobbins.

sep18-d1tst-tues-fri-nov

THE RIGHT TO

## CURE STAMMERING FOR SALE,

—BY—

## Dr. N. A. Moses

Of Virginia.

The success of my method of curing Stammering being proved beyond controversy, and the art being copy-righted in the United States Courts for the District of Columbia, and the wide extent of territory over which my right extends, and the frequent calls which I have from distant sections, make it necessary for me to sell a portion of the territory, and I now offer the following States for sale, at the annexed prices. I can impart the Art to any one desirous of purchasing, and at a price that a great deal of money can be made out of it. Stammering is not confined to any section of country or condition of men, and there is nothing which a person will pay for more liberally than to be relieved from this most uncomfortable misfortune.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Alabama, sold | $ 2,500 | Connecticut | $ 4,000 |
| Dist't of Columbia | 1,000 | Georgia | 2,500 |
| Illinois | 10,000 | Chicago, sold | 1,000 |
| Kentucky | 2,000 | Louisiana | 4,000 |
| Maine | 3,000 | Michigan | 2,000 |
| California | 5,000 | Delaware | 1,500 |
| Florida | 1,000 | Iowa | 2,000 |
| Indiana | 3,000 | Kansas | 2,500 |
| Maryland | 6,000 | Massachusetts | 5,000 |
| Minnesota | 3,500 | Mississippi | 3,000 |
| North Carolina | 3,500 | New Jersey | 2,500 |
| Ohio | 8,000 | Rhode Island | 4,000 |
| Tennessee | 4,000 | Virginia | 2,500 |
| West Virginia | 2,000 | Wisconsin | 2,500 |
| Missouri | 6,000 | New Hampshire | 2,500 |
| New York | 20,000 | Pennsylvania | 5,000 |
| South Carolina | 2,000 | Texas | 4,000 |
| Vermont | 2,000 | Arkansas | 2,000 |
| Utah Territory | 1,000 | Arizona | 2,000 |
| Colorado | 1,500 | Dakotah | 1,500 |
| Idaho | 1,500 | Montana | 2,000 |
| New Mexico | 1,500 | Washington | 1,500 |
| Wyoming | 1,500 | Nebraska | 1,500 |
| Nevada | 1,500 | Oregon | 1,500 |
| Indian | 2,000 | | |

Office Hours, from 9 to 12 A. M., and from 2 to 4 P. M.

The Doctor can be found at Room No. 18, National Hotel.

sep21—aug27—3mos-Austin-Savin

## To Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned until October 10th for Building a

Baptist Church at Stone Mountain;

Bidders to give estimates for building of brick, rock and concrete, the committee reserving the right to reject any or all of the bids.

Plans can be seen upon application to J. W. McCurdy.

P. B. MCURDY, Chairman,
W. G. WILDSY, Secretary,
Building Committee.

Stone Mountain, September 24, 1872.

sep24-2aw2d

## FOR SALE,

CHAIRS AND COUNTERS. 800 Chairs now being used in my Hall. All the Counters, Tables and Shelves in Wm. Rich & Co.'s Store.

sep26-2t JOHN H. JAMES.

## Tommy, Stewart & Beck,

# HARDWARE MERCHANTS,

## Atlanta, Ga.,

Are now opening a large and well selected stock of Hardware in their New Store, Corner Pryor and Decatur Streets, opposite Kimball House.

Manufacturer's Agents and Dealers in all kinds of HARDWARE, IRON, STEEL, CUTLERY, Tools of all kinds, Builders' and Carriage Material; Agents for BURT'S SHINGLE MACHINES, Sycamore Power Company's Rifle and Blasting Powder, Mill Stones and Bolting Cloths, Proprietors of the Brooks' Cotton and Hay Screw Press.

We are doing a Wholesale Business, and always keep on hand an ample Stock to supply Retail Merchants and Contractors. sep25-d3m

## BARGAINS FOR THE FALL!

## THE CHEAPEST GOODS EVER OFFERED.

1,000 MISSES FINE HATS, in Velvet, Velours and Plush, new styles, 25 to 50 cents each, worth 75 cents to $1 50 each.

5,000 yards Embroideries at HALF PRICE. (positively.)

200 Hand-some Japanese Silks, Plain and Brocaded, $5 00 each, worth from $9 00 to $15 00 each.

500 pieces Lace-edge Ruffling, 25 cents per piece, worth $1 00 to $1 25 per piece.

1 case of the Cheapest Hosiery ever offered.

500 choice Needlework Sets, 25 cents each, cost 96 cents Gold to import.

800 yards BLACK ALPACA, slightly wet but perfect, 65 cents, worth $1 00.

A large lot Towels, 50 cents each, worth 85 cents.

Suffice it to say that the above Goods were not purchased in the REGULAR CHANNELS OF TRADE They are perfect, and

## CANNOT BE DUPLICATED IN ATLANTA.

In addition to the above I have just received full lines of the following Goods, which are CHOICE, and will be SOLD AT SHORT PROFITS, viz:

Black Dress Goods in Cashmere, Merinoes, Bombazines, Tamise Cloths, Australian Crapes, Barathea, Satteens, etc., Fancy Dress Goods in every style, large assortment of Ribbons, Ladies Neck Ties, a fine selection of Lace Collars. The best assortment of Real and Imitation Guipure Laces, and Real Valenciennes, Edging and Insertions, perhaps, ever offered in Atlanta.

A fine stock of Doeskins, Cassimeres, Jeans, Broadcloth, Flannels, Balmoral and Boulevards Skirts, Shawls, Blankets, Hosiery and Gloves, Notions, etc.

I keep the best line of Black Alpacas made—THE "ECLIPSE," and guarantee the color of every piece of the same.

JOHN KEELY,
sep22—dtf Corner Whitehall and Hunter Streets.

## WILLIAM RICH & COMPANY,

WHOLESALE

## NOTIONS, MILLINERY and FANCY GOODS,

Atlanta, Georgia,

HAVE REMOVED TO CLARKE'S BUILDING, No. 15 DECATUR STREET, opposite The H. I. Kimball House, are now fully prepared for the

## FALL TRADE,

with one of the largest and best assorted Stocks of Goods in the South.

Merchants will promote their interests by examining our Stock and Prices before purchasing elsewhere.

N. B.—WE ARE PREPARED TO DUPLICATE NEW YORK BILLS.

sep21-d&w1m WILLIAM RICH & CO.

## GEORGIA STATE FAIR, Atlanta, 1872.

To Begin Monday, October 14th,

And Close Saturday, October 19th.

A GRAND EXHIBITION MAY BE EXPECTED

Of the Products, Implements, and Processes

Of Agricultural, Mechanical and Manufacturing Industry.

Of Invention and Art. Of Stock, Etc., Etc.

No pains will be spared to make this the most INSTRUCTIVE FAIR ever held in Georgia.

For Premium Lists and other particulars, address

aug21—did SAM'L BARNETT, Secretary, Atlanta, Ga.

## The Scofield Rolling Mill Company

MANUFACTURERS OF

## Merchant & Bar Iron, Fish Bar, Spikes, Bolts, Nuts, etc.

LARGE STOCK constantly on hand, and orders promptly filled.

## Re-Rolled Iron Rails,

Warranted equal to any made.

A limited quantity of NEW RAILS made on short notice.

## Southern Railroad Men

Are especially invited to call at our Works and examine the quality of our RAILS and the way that they are manufactured. Capacity of the Works,

## 15,000 TONS PER ANNUM.

We are now making about half this quantity

## Office and Warehouse at the Works.

L. SCOFIELD, Jr., Secretary. L. SCOFIELD, President and Treasurer.
aug11-dtilljan1 ATLANTA, GA., August 10, 1872

## MUSICAL PEOPLE EVERYWHERE

Are invited to examine our new Collection of Church Music, entitled

# The Standard!

The following gentlemen, well-known in Musical circles, contribute Tunes, Sentences or Anthems to its pages.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| H. K. Oliver, | L. L. Southard, | C. P. Morrison, |
| L. W. Wheeler, | Nathan Barker. | M. Mason, |
| T. H. Tanner, | A. C. Guttersen, | G. M. Monroe, |
| J. H. Tenney, | F. C. Cushman, | L. W. Baldard, |
| S. P. Merrill, | W. P. Dale, | Otto Lobb, |
| | Dr. M. J. Munger, | S. Wesley Martin. |

The Editors are,

L. O. EMMERSON, of Boston,

H. R. PALMER, of Chicago,

of whose former publications, 1,500,000 copies have been sold.

While designed to supply the wants of Chorus Choirs, Singing Schools and Conventions, its large supply of new Sentences, Motets and Anthems, renders it an excellent

## Book for Quartette Choirs.

Price, $1 50; per dozen, $13 50. For $1 25, specimen copies will be mailed, for the present, post-paid, to any address.

We also commend our new SPARKLING RUBIES, 35 cts.; for Sabbath Schools, PILGRIM'S HARP, (60 cts.) for Vestries, and HOUR OF SINGING, ($1 00) for High Schools.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston.
CHAS. H. DITSON & CO., New York.
sep23— apr13—[Wed&Sat&wly

## FRESH NORFOLK OYSTERS

R. E. SIBLEY, Oyster Packer,

NORFOLK, VA.

OYSTERS put up in any way or quantity ordered, and at the lowest prices. Orders solicited and faithfully attended to. sep22—d2m

CUMMING AND DULUTH

## HACK LINE.

J. W. JAMES & CO., are now running, for the accommodation of the traveling public, a good TWO HORSE HACK, three times a week, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and making close connection with the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railroad. Leave Cain's Hotel at Cumming, at 12 M., and arrives at Duluth at 5 o'clock, P. M., in time for the down train to Atlanta. Leaves Duluth at 9 o'clock in the morning and arrives at Cain's Hotel, in Cumming, at 1 o'clock, to dinner.

Careful drivers. Terms moderate.

sept1—tf

## EXPOSITIONS.

## Round Trip Excursion Tickets

WILL BE SOLD at the Ticket Offices at

Atlanta, Cartersville,

Kingston, Dalton,

and Marietta,

at one fare to the Cincinnati, and also to the Louisville Exposition.

Return Tickets will not be good for passage unless stamped by the Secretary of the Exposition Association and presented within eight days from the day they are sold.

The sale of these Tickets will commence September 1st, and continue until, and including, the 30th September, 1872.

R. W. WRENN,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
sept6-d2m Atlanta, Ga.

THE MOST PERFECT

## ALARM CASH DRAWER,

*MILES ALARM TILL CO'S.*

EVERY Merchant SHOULD Use Them.

EVERY DRAWER Warranted.

Sold at

## FAIRBANKS' SCALE WAREHOUSES.

FAIRBANKS & CO.,
311 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
166 Baltimore Street, Baltimore.
53 Camp Street, New Orleans.

FAIRBANKS & EWING.
715 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & CO.,
126 Milk Street, Boston.

For sale by leading Hardware Dealers.
sep17—d3awim

## NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between us, the undersigned, Andrew Low, John Wood and John David Hopkins, as Commission Merchants, at Liverpool, in England, under the firm of Isaac Low & Co., and at Savannah, in the state of Georgia, under the firm of Andrew Low & Co., was this day dissolved by mutual consent, so far as regards the said Andrew Low.

ANDREW LOW,
JOHN WOOD,
JOHN D. HOPKINS.

Dated this 31st day of August, 1872.

MR. ANDREW LOW, as above announced, having retired from the firm of Messrs. Isaac Low & Co., of Liverpool, the business of that firm will be continued as heretofore, under the same firm name, by the remaining parties, viz: John Wood and John D. Hopkins, with James Torrance Wood, who is this day admitted as a partner. JOHN WOOD,
JOHN D. HOPKINS,
JOHN T. WOOD.

## Limited Copartnership Notice.

WE, the undersigned, have this day entered into a Limited Copartnership, under the laws of Georgia, to do business at Savannah, Ga., under the firm name of Hopkins & Wood.

The general nature of the business to be transacted is that of COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

John D. Hopkins, of Savannah, Ga., John Wood and James Torrance Wood, of Liverpool, England, are General Partners, Andrew Low, of Savannah, Ga., is Special Partner.

Said copartnership business commenced on September 1st, 1872, and terminates on August 31st, 1874. Andrew Low, as such special partner, has paid into the common stock of the firm one hundred thousand dollars in gold.

JOHN D. HOPKINS,
Savannah, Georgia,
JOHN WOOD,
JAMES TORRANCE WOOD,
Liverpool, England,
ANDREW LOW,
Savannah, Georgia.

Dated this 1st day of September, 1872.

sept4-d3w

## DR. VAN NORMAN'S

ENGLISH, FRENCH and GERMAN Family and Dry Goods House for Young Ladies and Children, New York. Reopens 9th September, 1872. Circulars September 20, 1872. For full information, send for Catalogue and Address

C. VAN NORMAN,
77 West 55d street, New York.

sept4-d3m—eodnow—all

# EQUITABLE

## LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES.

WM. C. ALEXANDER, President.

HENRY B. HYDE, JAMES W. ALEXANDER, Vice Presidents.

## Purely Mutual—Dividends Annual

NO RESTRICTION ON TRAVEL.

Cash Assets, $18,000,000. Annual Income, $8,000,000.

NEW BUSINESS IN 1870 AND 1871,

Larger than that of any other Company in the World!

NEW BUSINESS IN 1872:

## One Million Dollars a Month

More than for same period last year.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Its assets are invested in the most solid securities— | | | |
| Real Estate in New York | $ 3,250,000 | Cash in Bank | 1,500,000 |
| Mortgages on Real Estate | 10,000,000 | United States Bonds | 1,250,000 |

On all which your Policy is a Mortgage!!

The Dividends for 1872, will be nearly $1,800,000.

E. PLATT, General Agent,
July2—d3m NO. 1 KIMBALL HO

# The Daily Constitution.

From the Herald and Presbyter.

*SONG OF THE BEE.*

Buzz-z-z-z, Buzz!
This is the song of the bee,
His legs are yellow—
A jolly good fellow,
And yet a good worker is he.

In days that are sunny
He's getting his honey;
He's making his wax.
On pinks and on lilies
And gay daffodillies
And columbine blossoms
He levies a tax.

Buzz-z-z-z-z, buzz!
The sweet-smelling clover
He, humming, hangs over;
The scent of the roses
Makes fragrant his wings;
He never gets lazy—
From thistle and daisy,
And weeds of the meadow,
Some treasure he brings.

Buzz-z-z-z-z, buzz!
From morning's first gray light
Till fading of daylight,
He's singing and toiling
The summer day through,
Oh, we may get weary,
And think work is dreary;
'Tis harder by far
To have nothing to do.


## Georgia News.

A private business letter from Fayette informs us that Mr. William Whatley was nominated by the Republicans of Fayette county for Representative on Saturday last.—*Griffin News.*

At the Radical meeting in Talbot to send delegates to a Congressional nominating convention, three colored delegates and one white was selected. Gen. Bethune suggested the name of John Mershon.—*Weekly American.*

Mr. Trout informs us that there are 460 white men in Floyd county who have not paid their taxes and who consequently cannot vote in the coming election. There are only 400 negroes.—*Rome Commercial.*

The Georgia Baptist Association will be held in this place, commencing Friday before the second Sabbath in next month. A large assemblage is expected. J. C. C. Black made a fine speech at the barbacue.—*McDuffie Journal.*

General H. L. Benning and Colonel C. T. Goode make speeches on Friday night. Dr. J. B. Twitty nominated for the Legislature by the Democrats of Mitchell county.—*Macon Telegraph.*

D. H. Van Buren resigned the position of Agent of the Express Company, and H. M. Clark appointed in his place. Augusta steps forward triumphant with a six-legged kitten. O'Scat.—*Augusta Chronicle and Sentinel.*

The Germans will have a grand bal masque this winter. General Benning made a powerful Democratic speech for Greeley on Tuesday night. We hear a rumor to the effect that there is an effort being made to induce the anti-Customhouse branch of the Radical family to put a candidate in the field for Congress in opposition to Andrew Sloan. We learn that it is the intention of the various shipping merchants of this city to sue the city for the recovery of the proportion of their license taxes for the unexpired term of 1873. This action is based on the ground that the new shipping law recently passed practically breaks up their business.—*Savannah News.*

Savannah is ahead of all the Southern seaports in the receipts of cotton thus far. New Orleans is behind more than 2,000 bales. The bark Almas, while coming up the river yesterday, lost her anchor and starboard hawser pipe. We presume the same lucky catfish that swallowed the $1,000 diamond ring, has got these light articles in its stomach. It was proved in the trial before Justice Lamotte yesterday, in the case of Nolan, for the murder of Grogan, that Kelley held Grogan when the first shot was fired, and released his hold before the second shot. After the conclusion of the arguments by counsel, the Justice rendered a decision, remanding Kelly to jail on the charge of murder, as one of the principals in the first degree.—*Savannah Mirror.*

About three weeks ago Mr. W. F. Kirksey had the sad misfortune to loose two children—a daughter, aged 18, and a son, aged about 10. They both died of congestion in about five minutes of each other. Mr. E. F. Kirksey, uncle to W. F. Kirksey, was sent for on Sunday morning to attend their funeral. Upon starting back to Lumpkin after a minister to perform the burial services the mules that were being driven ran away and throwing Mr. E. F. Kirksey out, broke his leg in two places, and he still lies in a critical condition. Subsequent to this Mr. Wm. Kirksey, son of W. F. Kirksey, has gone blind from the effect of some lotion put in them to cure a case of common sore eyes.—*Lumpkin Independent.*

At the dead hour of midnight on Monday, the family of Mrs. Josiah Jordan, living near Russellville, Monroe county, were aroused to find their splendid residence in smoke and flames. The fire, originating in the lower portion of the structure, and by the fiendish hand of an incendiary, had crept through the building before the stifling smoke awakened any of the sleepers. Two young ladies in a room on the second floor awoke to find that escape down the stairway was impassible. With remarkable presence of mind they seized the mattresses from their bed, threw them from the window aloft, and then leaped upon them on the ground, escaping without material injury. Late the preceding afternoon a Minister of the Gospel called at the hospitable widow's house and asked for lodging. He was, of course received. After rendering thanks to the Throne of Grace, in which the family all joined, they retired to rest. The good man only escaped with his night clothes. Indeed, the whole family lost everything save the clothing in which each was sleeping.—*Macon Enterprise.*

The Radicals nominated Sid Mosely and and Paul Austin, two colored men, for the Legislature. A negro woman, seemingly in good health, was seized with "religious" paroxysms during the progress of services at the African Church Sunday night. She died almost instantly. The negroes are rapidly paying up back taxes. It is reported that a bundle of stamps has been received here, by the Radical leaders, to be used for this purpose. The election by the Agricultural Society, on Thursday, to fill the vacancy in the University, at Athens, caused by the resignation of Paul LeSheur, called forth a very pleasing report, by Col. Lawton, of the prosperity of Mercer University. Master Wm. Colvard was elected to fill the vacancy. The Radical delegates from the counties composing the old Fourth District will meet in Convention, at Forsyth, on Thursday next. Judge Greene and George Clower are mentioned as probable aspirants for the nomination. Colonel Luther J. Glenn, of Atlanta, the Democratic nominee for Congress in this District, was shot to pieces in the war, has several times been in the Legislature, was once Mayor of Atlanta, is a leading lawyer, an eloquent speaker, and a man of spotless political integrity.—*Monroe Advertiser.*

## COTTON.

**A Table Showing Date of First Cotton Bloom, Killing Frost and Total Crop for the Last Thirty-two Years. Prepared by Messrs. Starr & Ruan, Cotton Brokers, Macon.**

| YEAR. | FIRST BLOOM. | KILLING FROST. | TOTAL CROP. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1839-40 | June 6 | October 27 | 1,634,000 |
| 1840-41 | June 10 | November 23 | 1,684,000 |
| 1841-42 | May 17 | October 26 | 1,775,000 |
| 1842-43 | June 9 | October 28 | 2,030,000 |
| 1843-44 | May 25 | October 23 | 2,394,003 |
| 1844-45 | May 30 | October 28 | 2,100,000 |
| 1845-46 | June 10 | October 19 | 1,788,000 |
| 1846-47 | May 30 | November 19 | 1,947,000 |
| 1847-48 | June 1 | November 21 | 2,237,000 |
| 1848-49 | June 6 | Novembe- 8 | 2,196,000 |
| 1849-50 | June 24 | October 26 | 2,355,000 |
| 1850-51 | June 3 | November 6 | 3,015,000 |
| 1851-52 | June 3 | November 7 | 3,264,000 |
| 1852-53 | June 10 | October 25 | 2,930,000 |
| 1853-54 | June 12 | November 5 | 2,927,000 |
| 1854-55 | May 30 | October 25 | 3,527,520 |
| 1855-56 | June 5 | October 16 | 2,940,000 |
| 1856-57 | June 24 | November 20 | 3,076,000 |
| 1857-58 | June 14 | November 20 | 2,750,000 |
| 1858-59 | May 21 | November 7 | 4,675,000 |
| 1859-60 | May 25 | October 30 | 3,750,000 |
| 1860-61 | May 21 | October 13 | No rec'd |
| 1861-62 | No record | No record | No rec'd |
| 1862-63 | June 28 | October 20 | 2,161,000 |
| 1863-64 | June 11 | October 25 | 1,931,000 |
| 1864-65 | June 11 | November 6 | 2,451,000 |
| 1865-66 | June 11 | October 25 | 3,154,000 |
| 1866-67 | June 9 | November 18 | 4,942,000 |
| 1867-68 | June 6 | November 15 | 2,974,000 |
| 1868-69 | June 5 | | |

☞ The Irish Democratic Union Clubs of the city of New York have adopted an address to the Irishmen of the country. It reviews the Presidential canvass, and makes a strong appeal in behalf of Greeley and Brown.

☞ General Toombs has promised to attend the meeting of the "Central Agricultural and Mechanical Association" at Selma, Ala., and to address the people there on the 14th of November.

## Leading Notices.

HALF ALIVE.—It is a sad thing to pass through life only half alive. Yet there are thousands whose habitual condition is one of languor and debility. They complain of no specific disease; they suffer no positive pain, but they have no relish for anything which affords mental or sensuous pleasure to their more robust and energetic fellow beings.

In nine cases out of ten this state of lassitude and torpor arises from a morbid stomach. Indigestion destroys the energy of both mind and body. When the waste of nature is not supplied by a due and regul r assimilation of the food, every organ is starved, every function interrupted.

Now, what does common sense suggest under these circumstances of depression? The system needs rousing and strengthening; not merely for an hour or two, to sink afterwards into a more pitiable condition than ever (as it assuredly would do if an ordinary alcoholic stimulant were resorted to), but radically and permanently.

How is this desirable object to be accomplished? The answer to this question, founded on the unvarying experience of a quarter of a century, is easily given. Infuse new vigor into the digestive organs by a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Do not waste time in administering temporary remedies, but wake the system up by recuperating the fountain-head of physical strength and energy, the great organ upon which all the other organs depend for their nurture and support.

By the time that a dozen doses of the great vegetable tonic and invigorant have been taken, the feeble frame of the dyspeptic will begin to feel its benign influence. Appetite will be created, and with appetite the capacity to digest what it craves. Persevere until the cure is complete—until healthful blood, fit to be the material of flesh and muscle, bone and nerve and brain, flows through the channels of circulation, instead of the watery pabulum with which they have heretofore been imperfectly nourished.

sept24-deod1w&cwlt.

A DELIGHTFUL SURPRISE.—Ladies whose faces are clouded by superficial discolorations, and who have resolved to try Hagan's Magnolia Balm as a remedy, have no idea of the welcome surprise they will receive from their mirrors after a few applications of that healthful purifier of the complexion. If at all excitable, they will scream with rapture on beholding the change. Whether the blemish it is desired to remove the sallowness, blotches, pimples, freckles, roughness, or an unnatural pallor, it is bound to disappear under the tonic operation of this wonderful agent. To say that the blemish disappears, does not, however, convey any idea of the effect produced by this celebrated beautifier. The unsightly tinge, whether diffused over the whole countenance or in spots, or patches, is replaced by a uniform, pearly bloom, to which no description can do justice.

sept24-deod1w&cwlt.

A WORLD OF THANKS IS DUE to the botanist who first discovered the virtues of the *Quillaya Saponaria*, or Soap Tree of Chili. The wonderful cleansing and purifying property of its Bark gives to the fragrant Sozodont much of its unrivalled efficacy as a preservative of the teeth.

sept24-deod1w&cwlt.

DR. TUTT'S Hair Dye has been analyzed by the best chemists in Europe and America, and its harmlessness certified to.

sept24-d1w&cwlt.

$1,000 REWARD is offered by the proprietor of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, for a medicine that will equal it in the cure of all severe cases of "Liver Complaint" and all diseases arising from impurity of the blood, as Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, etc.

BLESSINGS brighten as they take their flight. The chief of blessings is good health, without which nothing is worth the having; it is always appreciated at its true value after it is lost, but too often not before. Live properly, and correct ailments before they become seated. For diseases of the liver, kidneys, skin, stomach, and all arising from impure or feeble blood, DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS are a sure and speedy remedy. It has never yet failed in a single instance. sept13—d&w4w

BACHELORS' HAIR DYE.—This superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown, leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, 16 BOND STREET, oct3—d1y New York.

## HON. DAWSON A. WALKER'S APPOINTMENTS.

HON. DAWSON A. WALKER, Republican candidate for Governor, will address the people upon the issues now before the country at the following times and places, to-wit:

Tuesday, Sept. 24.....Dahlonega, Lumpkin county
Thursday, Sept. 26.....Dawsonville, Dawson county
Friday, Sept. 27.....Cumming, Forsyth county
Saturday, Sept. 28.....Canton, Cherokee county
Monday, Sept. 30.....Jasper, Pickens county
Tuesday, Oct. 1.....Ellijay, Gilmer county
Wednesday, Oct. 2d.....Spring Place, Murray county

Hon. James M. Smith is respectfully invited to join in discussion at each and all of these appointments with assurances of a fair and equitable division of time at each of them.

sep10 d&wtoct3

## HON. AMOS T. AKERMAN'S APPOINTMENTS.

HON. AMOS T. AKERMAN will address the people in support of Grant and Wilson, at the following times and places, to-wit:

Tuesday, September 24th, 3 o'clock, P M—Fort Valley, Houston county.
Wednesday, September 27th, 8 o'clock, P M—Columbus, Muscogee county.
Thursday, September 26th, 8 o'clock, P M—Macon, Bibb county.
Friday, September 27th, 12 o'clock, M—Forsyth, Monroe county.
Saturday, September 28th, 12 o'clock, M—Barnesville, Pike county.
Monday, September 30th, 12 o'clock, M—Griffin, Spalding county.
Tuesday, October 1st, 12 o'clock, M—McDonough, Henry county.
Wednesday, October 2d, 11 o'clock, A M—Jonesboro, Clayton county.

Hon. William T. Wofford and Hon. Henry L. Benning, the Greeley Electors for the State at large, are respectfully invited to join in discussion at each and all of these appointments with assurances of a fair and equitable division of time at each of them.

sep13 dtf

## United States Hotel FOR SALE.

—:o:—

## Valuable Atlanta Property.

—:o:—

## ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

—:o:—

AGREEABLE to an order of the Court of Ordinary of Thomas county, will be sold before the City Hall, in Atlanta, in the county of Fulton, State of Georgia, on the FIRST TUESDAY IN OCTOBER, NEXT, between the legal hours of sale, the following property, to wit: The Hotel property in the city of Atlanta, formerly known as the United States Hotel, but now as the

## SASSEEN HOUSE,

situated on the corner of Alabama and Pryor streets, in said city, fronting the

## Union Passenger Depot.

The lot fronts fifty-eight feet on Alabama street, running back, and also fronting on Pryor street one hundred and sixty-eight feet.

The Hotel is a two story brick building, conveniently arranged for business purposes below, with the hotel accommodations in the second st ry.

Considering the location this is one of the most valuable pieces of property in the city of Atlanta, and presents a rare opportunity for capitalists.

Sold as the property of Jacob Rokenbaugh, late of Thomas county, deceased, for the benefit of the heirs.

Terms—One-half cash, the balance to be paid the first day of January, 1873.

MILTON C. SMITH, Administrator.

August 15th, 1872.
aug23-d7law-until wbeforesalethendts

## Take Notice! REMOVAL.

AFTER October 1st, I will remove to No. 2 DeGive's Opera House Block, Marietta street, where I trust to see all my old customers and many new ones.

Agricultural Implements, Seeds and Guano.

Send 75 cents for the handsomest and most extensive Illustrated Catalogue ever published in the South. Money will be refunded to all who purchase goods amounting to Ten Dollars.

MARK W. JOHNSON,
DeGive's Opera House Block,
Marietta Street.
After October 1st, 1872.
sep19— July2—dtf

## O. A. SMITH,

MANUFACTURER OF

**Felt, Cement and Gravel Roofing,**

CONCRETE PAVING, Dry and Tarred Sheathing Felt, and Roofing Materials constantly on hand. Office and Factory, Elliott street, rear of Gas Works.
aug26-dcolim

## Railroads.

### RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

**Georgia Railroad.**

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta.....8.30 o'Clock, A M
Leaves Atlanta.....6.15 " P M
Arrives at Atlanta.....6.40 " P M
Arrives at Augusta.....5.30 " P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta.....6.30 " P M
Leaves Atlanta.....9.00 " P M
Arrives at Atlanta.....6.45 " A M
Arrives at Augusta.....6.00 " A M

**Accommodation Train.**

Leaves Atlanta.....5 45 P M
Leaves Stone Mountain.....6 45 A M
Arrives Atlanta.....8 00 A M
Arrives Stone Mountain.....7 P M

**Macon and Western Railroad.**

DAY PASSENGER—DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.

Leaves Atlanta.....2.00 A M
Leaves Macon.....2.35 A M
Arrives at Atlanta.....2.15 P M
Arrives at Macon.....7.20 A M

NIGHT PASSENGER—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta.....4.00 P M
Leaves Macon.....12.00 P M
Arrives at Atlanta.....6.06 P M
Arrives at Macon.....9.25 P M

**Western and Atlantic Railroad.**

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta.....10.00 P M
Arrives at Chattanooga.....5.05 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta.....8.30 A M
Arrives at Chattanooga.....3.50 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga.....4.45 P M
Arrives at Atlanta.....12.30 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga.....4.15 A M
Arrives at Atlanta.....1.10 P M

FAST LINE TO NEW YORK.

Leaves Atlanta.....3.00 P M
Arrives at Dalton.....10.60 P M

**For Savannah via Macon and Western and Macon and Brunswick Railroad.**

Leave Atlanta at.....2.45 P M
Connect with the Macon and Brunswick Railroad at Macon at.....8.30 P M
Arrive at Savannah.....8.35 A M

**Schedule of Rome Railroad.**

DAY TRAIN.

Leave Rome.....7.15 A M
Arrive at Kingston.....8.30 A M
Leave Kingston.....7.00 A M
Arrive at Rome.....10.00 A M

NIGHT TRAIN.

Leave Rome.....8.30 P M
Arrive at Kingston.....10.00 P M
Leave Kingston.....1.50 P M
Arrive at Rome.....3.05 P M

**St. Louis, Memphis, Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad Line.**

TIME CARD, SEPTEMBER 1, 1872.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Leave Atlanta | 8.30 A M | 9.30 | P M |
| Arrive Chattanooga | 4.37 P M | 5.23 | P M |
| Arrive Nashville | 12.50 A M | 1.05 | P M |
| Arrive McKenzie | 8.30 A M | 8.30 | P M |
| Arrive Memphis | 2.10 P M | 2.35 | P M |
| Arrive Little Rock | | 6.30 | P M |
| Arrive Hickman | 12.30 P M | 12.01 | A M |
| Arrive Union City | 12.30 A M | 10.30 | P M |
| Arrive Columbus | 12.00 noon | 12.00 | m d t |
| Arrive St. Louis | 10.15 P M | 9.50 | A M |
| Arrive Louisville | 9.40 A M | 9.55 | P M |

ALBERT B. WRENN,
Southeast Agent,
Atlanta, Ga.

**Savannah, Griffin and North Alabama Railroad.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Leaves Griffin | 1 00 | P M |
| Arrives at Newnan | 3.45 | P M |
| Leaves Newnan | 7 00 | A M |
| Arrives at Griffin | 9 47 | A M |

Connects at Griffin with Macon and Western Railroad.

**Atlanta and West Point Railroad.**

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta.....7 18 A M
Arrives at West-Point.....11 42 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward.)

Leaves West-Point.....3 25 P M
Arrives at Atlanta.....7 50 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta.....7 05 P M
Arrives at West-Point.....11 30 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward)

Leaves West Point.....1 10 A M
Arrives at Atlanta.....5 50 A M

**Air-Line Railroad.**

Leave Atlanta.....6 00 A M
Arrive at End of Track.....11 32 A M
Leaves End of Track.....2 00 P M
Arrive at Atlanta.....7 27 P M


## The Great Southern ROUTE!

PASSENGER AND MAIL

VIA

## ATLANTA and AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

RUNNING A DOUBLE

**Daily Through Passenger Train.**

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

## The Eating Houses

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this line are affable and courteous to passengers.

**The Quickest Time and Sure Connection made by this Route.**

Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from

New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta to Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York

BY

Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

**Fare as Low by Augusta AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.**

**PULLMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS**

ON

ALL NIGHT TRAINS LEAVING ATLANTA BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

## Splendid Line of Steamships,

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and New York.

## The Charleston Steamships

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

## Unrivaled on the Coast.

Through Tickets on Sale at

MONTGOMERY, WEST POINT AND ATLANTA

TO

NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent,
J. A. ROBERT, General Ticket Agent.
jan14—dtf

J. P. LEE. J. W. HIGHTOWER.

## LIVERY AND SALE STABLE.

Griffin, Georgia.

LEE & HIGHTOWER, Prop'tors

PERSONS visiting the Indian Springs, during the summer, will find it to their interest to call on us, in the way of the most pleasant route.

**BETTER TURNOUTS,**

Careful Drivers and Quicker Time. We are prepared to furnish anything in the Livery line, at the shortest notice and reasonable terms.

apr15—dtf

THE KENNESAW HOUSE,

MARIETTA, GEORGIA,

HAS still Forty Rooms left, (newly furnished) for the Summer Visitors, for whom every accommodation will be provided, as also Horse and Buggy accommodations.

FLETCHER & FRAYER, Proprietors.
W. E. OLDS, Assistant.
june12—dtf

## Divorced.

MY FRIENDS and former patrons will please remember that I am not now in any way connected with the Plantation Publishing Company, but am employed by W. A. Hemphill & Co., to run their BINDERY. THE CONSTITUTION OFFICE is well adapted to do all kinds of work in the Binding or Printing line, and I shall be glad to have the favors of my friends to follow me.

aug21-dtf WM. R. HANLEITER.

M. N. ROGERS. W. R. GRUBBS

## M. N. ROGERS & CO.,

(Successors to Rogers, Morgan & Grubbs.)

**Manufacturers and Jobbers,**

—OF—

**Men's, Boy's and Youths' CLOTHING,**

444 and 446 Broadway,

NEW YORK.

DEALERS are invited to inspect our stock. Our TRADE is confined to the COTTON STATES, our Goods are especially adapted to the wants of the Southern people.

MR. W. T. BURGE, late Marshall & Burge, Charleston, S. C., is connected with us, will be glad to see his former patrons at this house.

(Orders solicited. We give those who favor us with their orders the right to return goods not satisfactory at our expense. july21—dtf


## Hotels.


## THE McAFEE HOUSE,

At Smithville, Georgia,

IS KEPT in the most elegant style. The outward trains from Macon dine at Smithville, and the traveling public will find at this House first-class accommodations. Give him a call. june6—dtf

## FAIRBURN HOTEL,

BY MRS. E. McLARIN,

Fairburn.....Georgia.

☞ Board per Day $2...☜

THE Morning Trains from Atlanta to West Point, Georgia, breakfast at this House. Three trains make breakfast daily.

## HEARD HOUSE,

LaGrange.....Georgia.

BY GEORGE C. HEARD.

THIS House has been recently thoroughly renovated and refurnished. The tables always supplied with the best the market affords. Porters will be found at the Depot on every arrival of the Trains to take charge of baggage. feb25-dtf

## CHOICE HOTEL,

Corner Broad and Bridge Streets,

ROME, GA.

J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.

Situated in the business part of the city.

Passengers taken to and from the Depot FREE OF CHARGE.

dec4-tf LEON A. CAMP, Clerk.

## NEW HOTEL,

PALMETTO, - - GEORGIA.

## W. Jackson House

Is now open to the Traveling Public.

jan18-dtf W. JACKSON, Proprietor.

## THE MAJORS HOUSE,

BY E. MAJORS,

TRENTON.....GEORGIA.

He pledges himself his house will be kept in first rate style, and on moderate terms. nov21-dtf

## ECKLES HOUSE AND LIVERY STABLE,

SOCIAL CIRCLE, GA.

Rates of Board:

Single Meal.....50 cents | Per Day.....$ 2 00
Per Week.....$8 00 | Per Month.....30 00

Livery Stable Charges at Corresponding Rates.

STERLING ECKLES, Proprietor.
june9-dtf

## EXCHANGE HOTEL,

BY WILLIAM J. SIBERT,

(Near the Court House and Depot)

GADSDEN.....ALABAMA.

Guests will find everything new and neat. Servants attentive. Terms—$2 00 per day single meals fifty cents. nov19-dtf

## TIBBS HOUSE,

Dalton, Ga.

L. B. STONE. J. B. WIMBERLY.

dec2-dtf

## SENOIA HOTEL,

SENOIA, GEORGIA,

W. R. STILLWELL, Proprietor

may18—dtf

## JOHNSON HOUSE,

BY MRS. DR. JOHNSON.

JONESBORO.....GEORGIA.

june12-dtf

## BACON HOUSE,

LEXINGTON.....GEORGIA

JOHN W. BACON, Proprietor.

A REGULAR Two-Horse Hack will attend every day, to convey passengers from the Railroad to and from Lexington, Ga. sep11-dtf

## GLOBE HOTEL,

LAWRENCEVILLE, GA.,

HAS ample room for the accommodation of families.

Travelers will find at this House a regular

OLD VIRGINIA WELCOME,

And board as cheap as could be asked for.

The House has been refitted and improved, and will compare with the best.

Good water here, and a fine, healthy climate, unsurpassed in Northern Georgia.

I have also a Livery Stable attached. Horses and buggies can be had on reasonable terms.

W. J. BOEN, Proprietor.
june9-dtf

## Pratt House,

(Formerly Brown House,)

Cuthbert.....Georgia,

T. J. PRATT, Proprietor.

HACKS in attendance upon all trains, and no pains spared to make guests comfortable.

march5—dtf

## Wayside House,

RINGGOLD, GEORGIA,

IS now open for the reception of guests together with transportation to Catoosa Springs and all other accessible places of note, at reasonable prices. All pains will be taken to render guests comfortable by A. J. HEALAN & LADY.

feb28—dtf

## SASSEEN HOUSE,

(Formerly United States Hotel.)

CORNER ALABAMA AND PRYOR STREETS

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E. R. SASSEEN, Agent.....Proprietor

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## Thomaston Hotel,

Thomaston.....Georgia.

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sep10-dtf H. T. JENNINGS, Proprietor.

## BARLOW HOUSE,

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WILEY JONES.....Proprietor.

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## Madison House,

MADISON, GEORGIA.

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apr13—dtf

## CONYERS HOTEL,

By D. P. SMITH,

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sept18—dtf

## THE PYE HOUSE,

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WILLIAM SCARBOROUGH, Proprietor

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## McDowell House,

NEWNAN, GA.,

L. P Thomas, Proprietor.

sept1—dtf

## THE TRAMMELL HOUSE,

GAINESVILLE, GA.,

J. G. TRAMMELL & SON,

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## Hammett House.

JONESBORO.....GEORGIA.

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aug28— jan15—dtf



THE

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jan28—dtf



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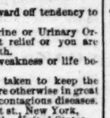

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